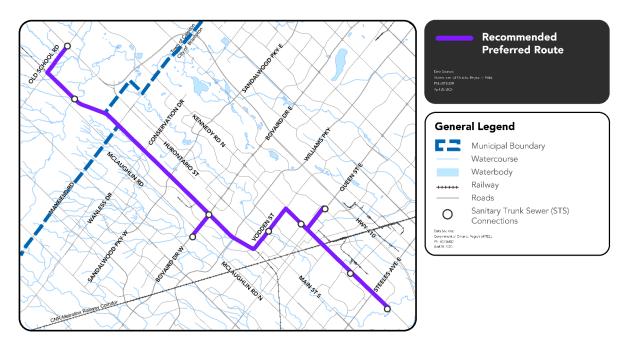
# Recommended Preferred Route: How did we get here?

Updated May 2025.

The recommended preferred route is Route S2: Kennedy Road including Vodden Street and Orangeville-Brampton Railway (OBR) Corridor and Route N1: Orangeville-Brampton Railway (OBR) Corridor including Old School Road to Hurontario Street.



**Figure 1: Recommended Preferred Route** 

## 1. Evaluation method

An evaluation framework was developed based on seven environmental components that together address the broad definition of the environment as described in the *Environmental Assessment Act*. The evaluation framework components and descriptions are as follows:

- **Natural Environment** Component having regard for protecting the natural and physical components of the environment (i.e., air, land, water and biota), including natural heritage and environmentally sensitive areas.
- **Socio-economic Environment:** Component that evaluates potential effects on residents, neighbourhoods, businesses, and community character.
- **Cultural Environment:** Component that considers potential impacts on historical/archaeological and cultural heritage resources.



- **Legal/Jurisdictional:** Component that considers potential land requirements and compliance with planning policies.
- **Technical Environment:** Component that considers the technical suitability and other engineering aspects of the water system.
- **Climate Change:** Component that considers potential effects of climate mitigation and adaptation.
- **Economic/Financial:** Component that compares the potential financial costs.

A comparative evaluation of the short-list routing options is complete and used the established evaluation criteria. The routing options were rated based on their potential constraints relative to other routes, as follows:

- High Constraints (Least Preferred)
- Medium Constraints (Less Preferred)
- Low Constraints (Preferred)

### 2. Short-list routes

Short-list routes were identified and shared at PIC #1 for the south and north study areas.

#### **South routes:**

Connection to Sheffie Park E STS RUTHERFORDRON Connection to Etobicoke Creek (West Branch) STS North Routes Connection to Etobicok Creek Existing STS Connection to future Church St STS ODDEN ST.W South Routes Mely Sometrolinx Relivery Co. Connection to futu Glidden Rd STS Sanitary Trunk Sewer (STS) Shortlist Routes - South ■ S1 South STS Connection Municipal Boundary Railway Watercourse

**Figure 2: South routes** 



- Route S1: Kennedy Road including Bovaird Drive
- Route S2: Kennedy Road including Vodden Street and Orangeville-Brampton Railway (OBR) Corridor Route, including a small section of Bovaird Drive (required for connection to existing Fletcher's Creek Sanitary Trunk Sewer, west of McLaughlin Road)
- Queen Street Sanitary Sewer Extension (common to S1 and S2): New Sanitary Trunk
   Sewer on Queen Street from Rutherford Road North to Kennedy Road North

**Route S2:** Kennedy Road including Vodden Street and Orangeville- Brampton Railway (OBR) Corridor Route was selected as the recommended preferred south route based on the evaluation results.

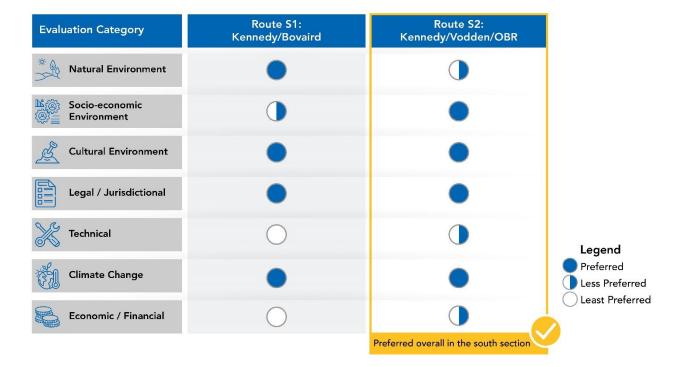
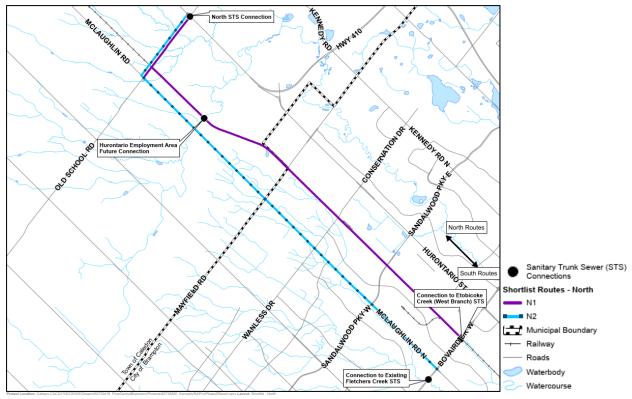


Figure 3: Evaluation results of south routes

**Route S2:** Kennedy Road including Vodden Street and Orangeville- Brampton Railway (OBR) Corridor Route was selected as the recommended preferred south route based on the evaluation results.



#### North routes:



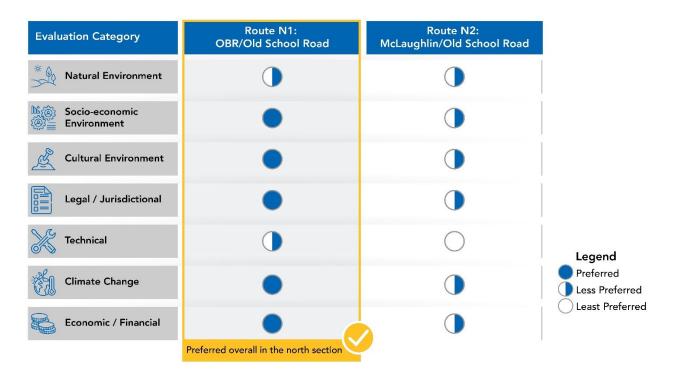
**Figure 4: North routes** 

- Route N1: Orangeville-Brampton Railway (OBR) Corridor including Old School Road Route
- Route N2: McLaughlin Road including Old School Road Route

**Route N1:** Orangeville-Brampton Railway (OBR) Corridor including Old School Road Route was selected as the recommended preferred south route based on the evaluation results.



Figure 5: Evaluation results of north routes



The tables below include a detailed and preliminary route evaluation matrix for both south and north routes.



**Table 1: Preliminary Route Evaluation Matrix Review – South Routes** 

Category	Evaluation Criteria	Route S1: Kennedy/Bovaird	Route S2: Kennedy/Vodden/Orangeville- Brampton Railway
<b>Natural Environment</b>	Potential effects on water	Route S1 has three fewer fish-bearing	Route S2 has three more fish bearing
	resources.	watercourses, and less groundwater	watercourses and slightly more groundwater
		management and is preferred from water	management compared to S1.
		resources perspective.	
<b>Natural Environment</b>	Potential effects on terrestrial	Minimal loss of vegetation or disruption to	Minimal loss of vegetation or disruption to
	features.	sensitive habitats is anticipated along both	sensitive habitats is anticipated along both
		Route S1 and S2 as the majority of the route	Route S1 and S2 as the majority of the route
		will be installed via trenchless methods, with	will be installed via trenchless methods, with
		direct impacts limited to exit and entrance	direct impacts limited to exit and entrance
		shafts, which are largely outside of natural	shafts, which are largely outside of natural
		heritage features.	heritage features.
<b>Natural Environment</b>	Potential effects on Species at	Both route S1 and S2 have similar impacts on	Both route S1 and S2 have similar impacts on
	Risk and Species at Risk	Species at Risk and Species at Risk habitat:	Species at Risk and Species at Risk habitat:
	habitat.	Twelve Species at Risk may occur within	Twelve Species at Risk may occur within
		120 metres of the N1 Route and may be	120 metres of the N1 Route and may be
		indirectly affected via trenchless methods.	indirectly affected via trenchless methods.
Natural Environment	Potential effects on soil and	From a soil and groundwater contamination	From a soil and groundwater contamination
	groundwater.	perspective, Route S1 is preferred as it has	perspective, Route S2 is less preferred as it
		less areas of potential contamination in	uses the Orangeville Bampton Railway
		comparison to the Orangeville Bampton	corridor from Vodden Street to Bovaird Drive
		Railway corridor from Vodden Street to	which will require more rigorous measures to
		Bovaird Drive.	address soil and groundwater contamination
			compared to Route S1.
<b>Natural Environment</b>	Evaluation Ranking	Route S1 is preferred from overall Natural	_
		Environment perspective.	
Socio-economic	Number of potentially	Route S1 impacts the same number of	Route S2 impacts the same number of
	impacted sensitive receptors	sensitive receptors (17) however anticipate	sensitive receptors (17) however it avoids
	during construction (e.g.,	potential impacts to high traffic commercial	potential impacts to high traffic commercial
	increased noise, dust, vibration	areas along Bovaird Drive.	areas.
	and reduced access to		
	property and businesses).		



Category	Evaluation Criteria	Route S1: Kennedy/Bovaird	Route S2: Kennedy/Vodden/Orangeville- Brampton Railway
Socio-economic	Traffic and active transportation impacts during construction (e.g., bike lanes, sidewalks, trails)	Route S1 is less preferred as there are more traffic impacts related to higher traffic volumes and anticipated 2-lane closures on Kennedy Road and Bovaird Drive and limited opportunity to enhance active transportation.	Route S2 is preferred as there are fewer lane closures anticipated along this route (2-lane closures on Kennedy Road and 1-lane closure on Vodden Street). There are also more opportunities to enhance active transportation related to future Orangeville-Brampton Railway multi use trail.
Socio-economic	Potential impacts on public transit during construction (e.g., bus stop closure/relocation).	Route S1 impacts rapid transit corridor on Bovaird Drive and Main Street which are higher order transit routes and more impact to bus shelter and transit stops.	Route S2 is preferred as it avoids impacts to higher order transit routes (e.g., Bovaird Drive) and may result in less impacts to bus shelters and transit stops.
Socio-economic	Potential impacts on agricultural lands and operations.	No impacts.	No impacts.
Socio-economic	Evaluation Ranking	_	Route S2 is preferred from an overall Socio- Economic Environment perspective.
Cultural Environment	Potential for loss and/or disturbance to archaeological resources.	Moderate to high archaeological potential for most areas outside of the paved roadway. Highest potential near water bodies and water courses. Similar impacts from an archaeological perspective due to proximity to the Graham East/Graham West Cemetery.	Moderate to high archaeological potential for most areas outside of the paved roadway. Highest potential near water bodies and water courses. Similar impacts from an archaeological perspective due to proximity to the Graham East/Graham West Cemetery.
Cultural Environment	Potential effects on built heritage resources and cultural heritage landscape.	Similar impacts on cultural heritage resources.	Similar impacts on cultural heritage resources
Cultural	<b>Evaluation Ranking</b>	Both Routes score equal from an overall	Both Routes score equal from an overall
Environment		Cultural Environment perspective	Cultural Environment perspective
Legal/Jurisdictional	Compliance with applicable planning policies and potential conflict with planning regulations	Both routes support planned growth, utilize major arterial and/or local collector roads, and have similar amount of construction within conservation authority regulated areas	Both routes support planned growth, utilize major arterial and/or local collector roads, and have similar amount of construction within conservation authority regulated areas



Category	Evaluation Criteria	Route S1: Kennedy/Bovaird	Route S2: Kennedy/Vodden/Orangeville- Brampton Railway
Legal/Jurisdictional	Land requirements (e.g., number of temporary and	Similar impacts from land requirement perspective.	Similar impacts from land requirement perspective.
	permanent easements).		
Legal/Jurisdictional	Evaluation Ranking	Both Routes score equal from a	Both Routes score equal from a
		Legal/Jurisdictional perspective	Legal/Jurisdictional perspective
Technical	Constructability (e.g.,	Route S1 is least preferred due to	Route S2 is preferred due to significantly
Environment	sewer/shaft depth).	significantly deeper shafts (10 to 30 metres deep) compared to Route S2.	shallower shafts (15 to 20 metres) compared to Route S1.
Technical	Permits and approvals (e.g.,	Both routes have similar permitting	Both routes have similar permitting
Environment	complexity and duration oof obtaining permits).	requirements.	requirements.
Technical	Connection points to existing	Connections on Bovaird are expected to pick	Route S1 is preferred because connection
Environment	and future sanitary trunk	up less volume of flow upstream thereby	points on Vodden Street are expected to
	sewers/sub-trunks.	freeing up less capacity in the existing	intercept a greater volume of flow than
		wastewater system for future	Route S1, thereby freeing up more capacity
		Major Transit Station Areas.	for future Major Transit Station Areas.
Technical	Operations and maintenance	Both Routes score equally from operations	Both Routes score equally from operations
Environment	(ability to access maintenance chambers and pipes).	and maintenance perspective.	and maintenance perspective.
Technical	Conflicts with existing utilities.	Route S1 is preferred as this Route has more	Less preferred due to less space to
Environment		space for potential relocation of utilities at	implement potential relocations of near-
		shaft locations.	surface utilities at shaft locations.
Technical	Conflicts with existing or	Route S1 is expected to have significant	Route S2 is preferred as only minor conflicts
Environment	planned infrastructure	conflict with recent Bovaird Drive/active	are identified with recent active
	improvements.	transportation improvements.	transportation improvements. Also provides an opportunity to coordinate restoration with Orangeville-Brampton Railway multiuse trail.



Category	Evaluation Criteria	Route S1: Kennedy/Bovaird	Route S2: Kennedy/Vodden/Orangeville- Brampton Railway
Technical Environment	Construction truck traffic management during construction.	•	Route S2 is less preferred due to impacts related to construction truck traffic. Vodden Street is a local collector road with less truck traffic and therefore added truck traffic from construction will be more impactful.
Technical Environment	Evaluation Ranking	_	Route S2 is preferred from overall Technical Environment perspective.
Climate Change	Climate change mitigation.	Both routes generate similar amount of greenhouse gas emissions during construction.	Both routes generate similar amount of greenhouse gas emissions during construction.
Climate Change	Climate change adaptation (e.g., vulnerability to climate change effects).	Similar vulnerability to climate change effects related to flooding.	Similar vulnerability to climate change effects related to flooding.
Climate Change	Evaluation Ranking	Both Routes score similar from overall Climate Change perspective.	Both Routes score similar from overall Climate Change perspective.
Economic/Financial	Estimated construction costs.	Route S1 is least preferred from a construction cost perspective due to deep tunnel shafts including extended construction duration within high traffic Right-of-Way.	Route S2 is preferred from a construction cost perspective due to shallower tunnel shafts and shorter construction duration within lower traffic Right-of-Way.
Economic/Financial	Estimated operations and maintenance costs.	Higher cost related to accessing shafts in high traffic Right-of-Way corridors (Kennedy Road and Bovaird Drive). Deeper shafts and chambers would require longer maintenance time, specialized equipment and thus cost more.	1
Economic/Financial	Evaluation Ranking	_	Route S2 is preferred from overall Economic/Financial perspective.
Overall	Recommended Preferred Solution? (YES/NO)	NO	YES



**Table 2: Preliminary Route Evaluation Matrix Review – North Routes** 

Category	Evaluation Criteria	Route N1: Orangeville-Brampton Railway / Old School Road	Route N2: McLaughlin/Old School Road
Natural Environment	Potential effects on water resources.	Route N1 has ten fewer fish-bearing watercourses, and less groundwater management complexity compared to Route N2.	Route N2 has ten more fish-bearing watercourses, and more groundwater management complexity compared to Route N1 due to a portion of the Route running parallel to Fletchers Creek Critical Habitat).
Natural Environment	Potential effects on terrestrial features.	Similar impacts: Minimal loss of vegetation or disruption to sensitive habitats is anticipated along this Route as the majority of the Route will be installed via trenchless methods. Route N1 crosses the Provincially Significant Wetland at two locations, however, direct impacts are limited to exit and entrance shafts, which are outside of the Provincially Significant Wetland.	Similar impacts: Minimal loss of vegetation or disruption to sensitive habitats is anticipated along this Route as the majority of the Route will be installed via trenchless methods. Route N2 crosses the Provincially Significant Wetland at three locations (one more crossing than Route N1), however, direct impacts are limited to exit and entrance shafts, which are outside of the Provincially Significant Wetland.
Natural Environment	Potential effects on Species at Risk and Species at Risk habitat.	Fourteen Species at Risk may occur within 120 metres of the N1 Route and may be indirectly affected via trenchless methods	Fifteen Species at Risk may occur within 120 metres of the N2 Route and may be indirectly affected via trenchless methods
Natural Environment	Potential effects on soil and groundwater.	From a soil and groundwater contamination perspective, Route N1 is less preferred as it uses the Orangeville Bampton Railway corridor from Bovaird Drive to Old School Road which will require additional studies and measures to address soil and groundwater contamination compared to Route N1.	From a soil and groundwater contamination perspective, Route N2 is preferred as it avoids the Orangeville Bampton Railway corridor from Bovaird Drive to Old School Road.
Natural Environment	Evaluation Ranking	Both Routes score similar from overall Natural Environment perspective.	Both Routes score similar from overall Natural Environment perspective.



Category	Evaluation Criteria	Route N1: Orangeville-Brampton Railway / Old School Road	Route N2: McLaughlin/Old School Road
Socio-economic	Number of potentially	Fewer sensitive receptors are impacted	More sensitive receptors are impacted along
	impacted sensitive receptors	along Route N1 and therefore N1 is	Route N2 and therefore N2 is less preferred.
	during construction (e.g.,	preferred.	
	increased noise, dust, vibration		
	and reduced access to		
	property and businesses).		
Socio-economic	Traffic and active	Route N1 is preferred as it avoids major traffic	
	transportation impacts during	impacts on roads with high traffic volumes	traffic impacts on heavily travelled roads and
	construction (e.g., bike lanes,	and provides significant opportunity for	minimal opportunity for enhancing active
	sidewalks, trails).	enhancing active transportation.	transportation.
Socio-economic	Potential impacts on public	Route N1 is more preferred as it avoids	Route N2 is less preferred as it results in
	transit during construction (e.g.,	impacts to public transit shelters, stops and	impacts to public transit shelters, stops and
	bus stop closure/ relocation).	service.	service.
Socio-economic	Potential impacts on	More potential impacts due to potential loss	Route N2 is preferred as it avoids impacts to
	agricultural lands and	of prime agricultural land related to	agricultural lands.
	operations.	temporary access from McLaughlin Road to	
		Orangeville Brampton Railway corridor. Note	
		that agricultural operations will eventually be	
		displaced by future urban development as	
		per Region's Official Plan.	
Socio-economic	Evaluation Ranking	Route N1 is preferred from an overall Socio-	_
		Economic Environment perspective.	
Cultural	Potential for loss and/or	High archaeological potential for most areas	High archaeological potential for most areas
Environment	disturbance to archaeological	outside of the paved roadway and railway	outside of the paved roadway and railway
	resources.	corridor, particularly in the northern most	corridor, particularly in the northern most
		section within and adjacent existing	section within and adjacent existing
		undisturbed agricultural lands.	undisturbed agricultural lands.
Cultural	Potential effects on built	Four known cultural heritage resources are	Nine cultural heritage resources are located
Environment	·	located adjacent to Route N1. Route N1 is	adjacent to Route N1. Route N2 is less
	heritage landscape.	preferred as there are less anticipated	preferred as there are more impacts on
		impacts on cultural heritage resources.	cultural heritage resources.
Cultural	Evaluation Ranking	Route N1 is preferred from an overall	_
Environment		Cultural Environment perspective.	



Category	Evaluation Criteria	Route N1: Orangeville-Brampton Railway / Old School Road	Route N2: McLaughlin/Old School Road
Legal/Jurisdictional	Compliance with applicable planning policies and potential conflict with planning regulations.	Route N1 is preferred due to less construction within Conservation Authority regulated areas.	Route N2 is less preferred due to more construction within Conservation Authority regulated areas.
Legal/Jurisdictional	Land requirements (e.g., number of temporary and permanent easements).	Similar impacts from land requirement perspective.	Similar impacts from land requirement perspective.
Legal/Jurisdictional	Evaluation Ranking	Route N1 is preferred from an overall Legal/Jurisdictional perspective.	_
Technical Environment	Constructability (e.g., sewer/shaft depth).	Orangeville-Brampton Railway alignment avoids work in heavily travelled road allowances as well as utilities and watercourse encroachments. Route N1 is preferred.	McLaughlin Road is heavily travelled south of Mayfield Road with significant utilities and watercourse encroachments into the ROW, thus limiting space for construction and greater impacts to the travelling public.
Technical Environment	Permits and approvals (e.g., complexity and duration oof obtaining permits).	Route N1 is preferred from a permits and approvals perspective as both permitting/approvals and road occupancy requirements are less.	Route N2 is less preferred from a permits and approvals perspective as both permitting/approvals and road occupancy requirements are more.
Technical Environment	Connection points to existing and future sanitary trunk sewers/sub-trunks.	Route N1 less preferred due to longer length of connection from Fletcher's Creek STS.	Route N2 preferred due to shorter length of connection from Fletcher's Creek STS.
Technical Environment	Operations and maintenance (ability to access maintenance chambers and pipes).	Route N1 is less preferred due to accessibility for operations and maintenance purposes.	Route N2 is preferred due to accessibility for operations and maintenance purposes.
Technical Environment	Conflicts with existing utilities.	Route N1 is preferred as there are minimal utilities within the trunk sewer's routing alignment.	Route N2 is least preferred as there are significant utilities within the trunk sewer's routing alignment.
Technical Environment	Conflicts with existing or planned infrastructure improvements.	Route N1 is preferred due to limited conflicts with existing and planned infrastructure including coordination with future Orangeville-Brampton Railway Multi-Use Trail.	Route N2 is less preferred due to more conflicts with existing and planned infrastructure, and it does not provide opportunity to coordinate with future Orangeville-Brampton Railway Multi-Use Trail.



Category	Evaluation Criteria	Route N1: Orangeville-Brampton Railway / Old School Road	Route N2: McLaughlin/Old School Road
Technical Environment	Construction truck traffic management during construction.	Slightly more impacts related to construction truck traffic.	McLaughlin Road can accommodate more truck traffic and is preferred from ease of access to haul routes.
Technical Environment	Evaluation Ranking	Route N1 is preferred from an overall Technical perspective.	_
Climate Change	Climate change mitigation.	Similar impacts on climate change as this route generates similar amount of greenhouse gas emissions during construction.	Similar impacts on climate change as this route generates similar amount of greenhouse gas emissions during construction.
Climate Change	Climate change adaptation (e.g., vulnerability to climate change effects).	Route N1 is preferred as it is less vulnerable to climate change effects related to flooding due to less construction within conservation authority regulated areas.	,
Climate Change	Evaluation Ranking	N1 is preferred from overall Climate Change perspective.	_
Economic/Financial	Estimated construction costs.	Route N1 is preferred due to lower construction costs.	Route N2 is less preferred due to higher construction. Costs related to shafts in high traffic road allowance.
Economic/Financial	Estimated operations and maintenance costs.	Route N1 is preferred due to lower operation and maintenance costs along the north portion of Orangeville-Brampton Railway.	Route N2 is less preferred due to higher operation and maintenance costs.
Economic/Financial	Evaluation Ranking	Route N1 is preferred overall from an Economic /Financial perspective.	_
Overall	Recommended Preferred Solution? (YES/NO)	YES	NO

