

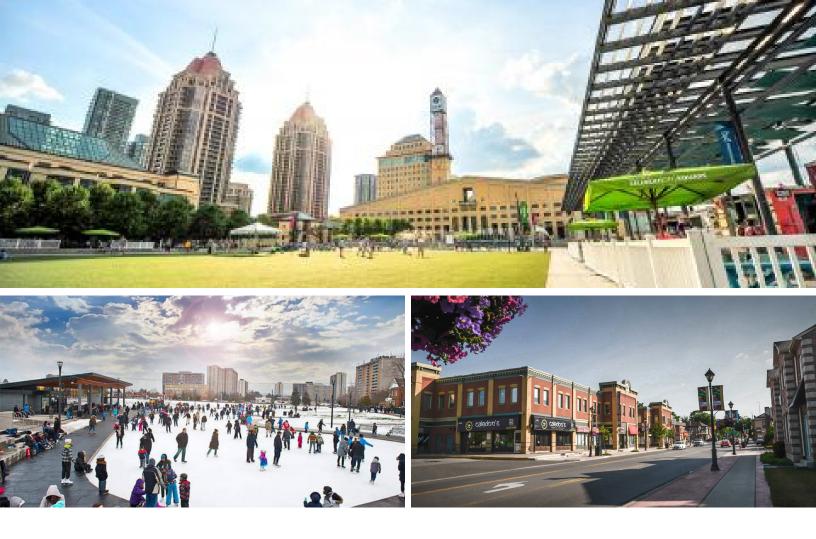
Major Transit Station Areas



Phase 1B Report

AUGUST, 2021





ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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This report builds on the Phase 1A Report, completed in April 2020, that included chapters 1 through 6. Please refer to [https://www.peelregion.ca/officialplan/review/pdf/attachment1-peel-MTSA-phase-1A.pdf] for Phase 1A Report

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7.1 / MTSA CLASSIFICATION FRAMEWORK

Building on the multi-dimensional analysis completed in Phase 1A of this Study [April, 2020], the Intensification Memo [December, 2020], that reviewed the overall framework for intensification in Peel Region and the detailed technical analysis completed in the Appendix of this report, the following summary outlines a prioritized framework for 91 Major Transit Station Areas (MTSAs) across Peel Region. The framework provides a renewed regional planning and investment policy regime.

Developing an understanding of the future role, function and potential of each MTSA is critical in the establishment of a prioritized course of action for the Region and local municipalities. To this end, a high-level strategic office market trends assessment, based on broad economic and leasing trends, growth capacity, infrastructure, transportation, policy, and market demands, both residential and office, was undertaken. Opportunities and constraints for MTSAs over the planning horizon are also identified.

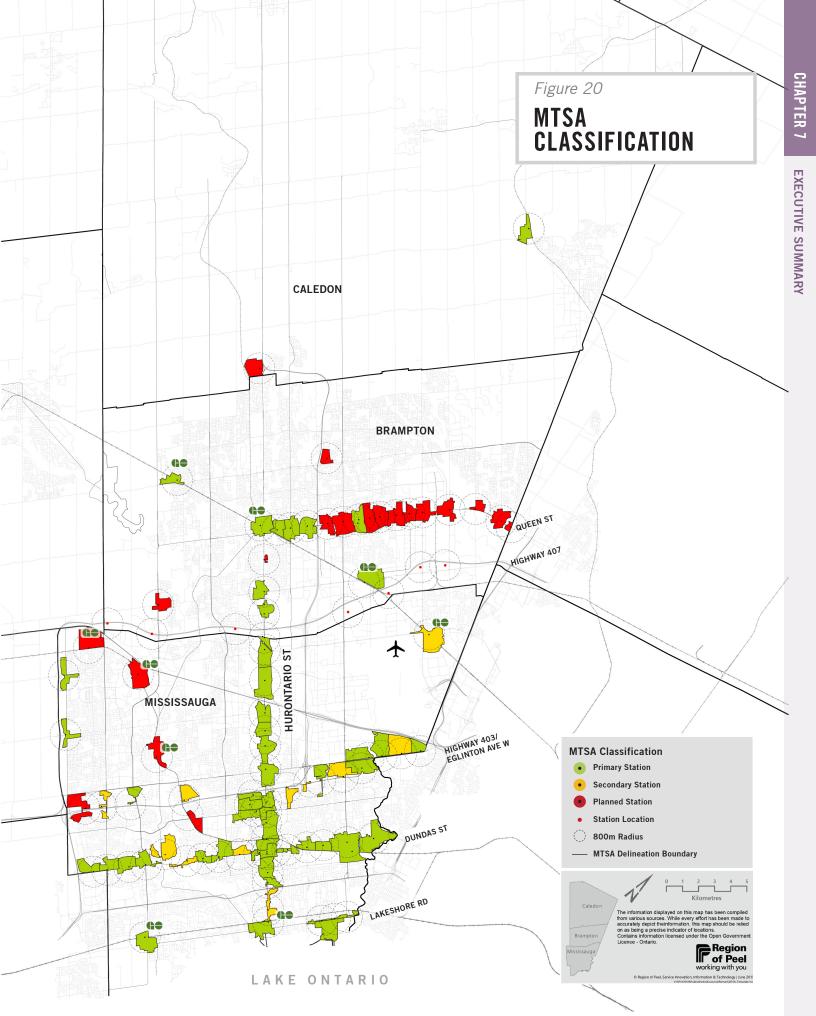
Policy 2.2.4.3 of the Growth Plan 2019 establishes density targets of 160 ppj/ha for light rail transit (LRT) and bus rapid transit (BRT) stations, and 150/ppj/ha for GO Transit rail stations. In addition to addressing these specific density targets, the Regional MTSA policy framework will also evolve to include additional directions for land use mix, built form, community services and facilities, and improved connectivity. Each MTSA reflects one of the station classifications outlined below to support transit-oriented development and increased ridership based on the form and function of the station:

Primary Station – Areas delineated in this plan that have existing or planned transit supportive built forms and can meet or exceed the minimum transit supportive density target.

Secondary Station – Areas delineated in this plan that are constrained by existing land use patterns and built forms and may require an alternative density target. These stations may take on a commuter station function with a mix of uses that support increased transit ridership.

Planned Station – Areas identified in the Regional Official Plan which are intended to become Major Transit Station Areas that are not yet delineated, but will be when infrastructure planning and investment and/or land use changes unlock potential.

The following sections outline the detailed analysis for Phase 1B, which includes development capacity, infrastructure/servicing capacity and existing policy which helped inform the aforementioned classification.



The following table summarizes the 91 MTSAs into a prioritized framework that incorporates the work from the Phase 1A Report [April, 2020], Intensification Memo [December, 2020] and technical analysis of the development capacity, zoning capacity, and infrastructure capacity costs. Based on this, the MTSAs are classified into Primary, Secondary and Planned Stations.

Each MTSA has been classified an MTSA Type that is based on the analysis completed in Phase 1A and captures a variety of factors including Mobility, Market and Growth Potential, Land Use and Built Form and Community Considerations. Detailed descriptions of the MTSA Types are included on the following page.

The **Development Capacity Analysis** looks at the density (number of persons and jobs per hectare) that could be accommodated in each MTSA based on various built forms. Development Capacity is categorised into three levels:

- Meets or exceeds density target with minimal or no intensification
- Potential to meet density target with intensification or land assembly
- May not meet density target despite intensification or land assembly

Refer to Section 8.2.2. in the Appendix for further information.

The **Zoning Capacity Analysis** looks at the existing zoning by-laws for the City of Missisauga, City of Brampton and the Town of Caledon to determine if the current zoning in those areas support the envisioned densities. Zoning Capacity is categorised into two levels:

- Additional residential and employment uses may be required to meet target
- Supports Density Target

For further high-level information refer to Section 8.2.2 in the Appendix.

The **Infrastructure Capacity Costs** analyse the current water, wastewater and stormwater infrastructure, in the Growth Plan Priority Corridor, to determine the costs of undertaking utility upgrades to meet the minimum density target. Infrastructure Capacity Costs are categorised into three levels:

- Low
- Medium
- High

For further high-level information refer to Section 8.3 in the Appendix.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

STATION READY

Station Ready MTSAs score highly across all four analytical lenses. They exhibit strong mobility and connections, market potential, land use and community considerations.

STRATEGIC ALIGNMENT

Strategic Alignment MTSAs score poorly across all analytical lenses, with the exception of Land Use. They represent MTSAs where the planning framework is supportive of intensification, however the mobility infrastructure, market factors and community considerations are lacking.

STRONG MARKET / PLANNING

The Strong Market and Planning type score well in the market and land use planning lens but poorly in the mobility and community lenses.

MARKET LAG

Market Lag MTSAs score highly across all analytical lenses, with the exception of the Market and Growth Potential lens. They exhibit strong mobility and connections, land use, and community considerations. However, they score poorly when one considers availability of vacant land and under-utilized sites, the development pipeline and land parcel characteristics.

LIMITED MOBILITY

Limited Mobility MTSAs score highly across all analytical lenses, with the exception of the Mobility. The four MTSAs in this type represent a diverse range of physical conditions.

SENSITIVE LANDS

Sensitive Lands MTSAs score highly across all analytical lenses, with the exception of the Land Use lens. They exhibit strong mobility and connections, market potential and community considerations, however, they can be constrained by relative flood risk together with environmentally sensitive lands.

STRONG MOBILITY / COMMUNITY

Strong Mobility and Community MTSAs score well in the mobility and community lenses, but poorly when it comes to market potential and land use.

MARKET PUSH

Market Push MTSAs score low across all analytical lenses, with the exception of the Market and Growth Potential lens. These MTSAs represent areas where market activity, availability of vacant and under-utilized land, and land parcel characteristics support intensification.

LIMITED POTENTIAL

Limited Potential MTSAs score poor to moderately across all analytical lenses. They exhibit poor mobility and connections, market potential, land use and community considerations.

Table 1. MTSA Classification Summary

| NO. | MTSA | ТҮРЕ | DEVELOPMENT CAPACITY | ZONING CAPACITY Analysis | INFRASTRUCTURE Capacity costs | RECOMMENDATIONS | CLASSIFICATION |
|----------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|----------------------------------|---|----------------|
| HLRT - 1 | Port Credit GO | Sensitive Lands | Potential to meet density target with intensification or land assembly | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | Medium | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. Site-specific zoning may need to be updated to support intensification. An upgrade to storm-water facilities may be required to mitigate potential flood risk and to achieve its full potential. Additional water and wastewater infrastructure is required. | Primary |
| HLRT - 2 | Mineola | Strong Mobility and Community | May not meet density target despite intensification or land assembly | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | Medium | Planning policy framework and infrastructure is in-place to support development. Mineola's growth and development is limited by the low availability of vacant land and surrounding low-density areas. | Secondary |
| HLRT - 3 | North Service | Strong Mobility and Community | Meets or exceeds density target with minimal or no intensification | Supports Density Target | Low | This MTSA already meets density targets. However, regular monitoring and other maintenance-type measures should be explored to support and enhance existing conditions and activities. Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be | Primary |
| | | | | | | delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | |
| HLRT - 4 | Queensway | Strong Mobility and Community | Potential to meet density target with intensification or land assembly | Supports Density Target | Low | This MTSA meets Growth Plan density targets but not targets in the Regional Official Plan. On-going development review in support of target densities to be maintained. | Primary |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | |
| HLRT - 5 | Dundas | Sensitive Lands | Meets or exceeds density target with minimal or no intensification | Supports Density Target | Low | Flood mitigation strategies need to be implemented to support further intensification. Update Secondary Plan to support intensification. Additional water and wastewater infrastructure is required. An upgrade to stormwater facility may be required. | Primary |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | |
| HLRT - 6 | Cooksville GO | Station Ready | Potential to meet density target with intensification or land assembly | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | Medium | This MTSA meets Growth Plan density targets but not targets in the Regional Official Plan. On-going development review in support of target densities to be maintained with focus on high-rise building types. | Primary |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | |
| HLRT - 7 | Fairview (Central Parkway) | Station Ready | Potential to meet density target with intensification or land assembly | Supports Density Target | Low | This MTSA meets Growth Plan density targets but not targets in the Regional Official Plan. On-going development review in support of target densities to be maintained. | Primary |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | |

| NO. | MTSA | ТҮРЕ | DEVELOPMENT CAPACITY Type | ZONING CAPACITY Analysis | INFRASTRUCTURE Capacity costs | RECOMMENDATIONS | CLASSIFICATION |
|-----------|----------------------------------|---------------|--|--|----------------------------------|--|----------------|
| HLRT - 8 | Burnhamthorpe (Matthews Gate) | Station Ready | Potential to meet density target with intensification or land assembly | Supports Density Target | Low | This MTSA already meets density targets. However, regular monitoring and other maintenance-type measures should be explored to support and enhance existing conditions and activities. | Primary |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan and Regional Official Plan minimum density. | |
| HLRT - 9 | Main | Station Ready | Meets or exceeds density target with minimal or no intensification | Supports Density Target | - | This MTSA already meets density targets. However, regular monitoring and other maintenance-type measures should be explored to support and enhance existing conditions and activities. | Primary |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | |
| HLRT - 10 | Duke of York | Station Ready | Meets or exceeds density target with minimal or no intensification | Supports Density Target | - | This MTSA already meets density targets. However, regular monitoring and other maintenance-type measures should be explored to support and enhance existing conditions and activities. | Primary |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | |
| HLRT - 11 | City Centre | Station Ready | Potential to meet density target with intensification | Supports Density Target | Medium | Continue working with area landowners to implement proposed master planning initiatives to achieve density targets. | Primary |
| | | | or land assembly | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | |
| HLRT - 12 | Robert Speck | Market Lag | Meets or exceeds density target with minimal or no intensification | Supports Density Target | Low | This MTSA already meets density targets. However, regular monitoring and other maintenance-type measures should be explored to support and enhance existing conditions and activities. | Primary |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | |
| HLRT - 13 | Eglinton | Station Ready | Potential to meet density target with intensification or land assembly | | Low | This MTSA meets Growth Plan density targets but not targets in the Regional Official Plan. On-going development review in support of target densities to be maintained. | Primary |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | |
| HLRT - 14 | Bristol | Market Lag | Potential to meet density target with intensification | Additional residential uses may be required | High | Further study will be required to align policy objectives and in turn increase de- velopment and market potential. | Primary |
| | | | or land assembly | to meet target | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | |
| | | | | | | Redevelopment of all commercial lands located within this MTSA is required to meet minimum density target. | |
| HLRT - 15 | Matheson | Station Ready | Meets or exceeds density target with minimal or no intensification | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | Low | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | Primary |

| NO. | MTSA | ТҮРЕ | DEVELOPMENT CAPACITY Type | ZONING CAPACITY Analysis | INFRASTRUCTURE Capacity costs | RECOMMENDATIONS | CLASSIFICATION |
|----------------------|------------------|---|--|--|----------------------------------|--|----------------|
| HLRT - 16 | Britannia | Strong Market and Planning | Potential to meet density target with intensification | Additional residential uses may be required | Medium | Planning policy framework is in-place to support development. Update zoning and land use to support intensification. | Primary |
| | | | or land assembly | to meet target | | Integrate investments in the public realm and community services that support intensification. | |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | |
| HLRT - 17 Courtney F | Courtney Park | Strong Market and Planning | Potential to meet density target with intensification | Additional residential uses may be required | Medium | Planning policy framework is in-place to support development. Update zoning and land use to support intensification. | Primary |
| | | | or land assembly | to meet target | | Integrate investments in the public realm and community services that support intensification. | |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | |
| HLRT - 18 | Derry | Derry Strong Market and Planning | Potential to meet density target with intensification | Additional residential uses may be required | Medium | Planning policy framework is in-place to support development. Update zoning and land use to support intensification. | Primary |
| | | | or land assembly | to meet target | | Integrate investments in the public realm and community services that support intensification. | |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | |
| HLRT - 19 | Highway 407 | Highway 407 Strong Market and Planning | Potential to meet density target with intensification | Additional residential uses may be required | Medium | Planning policy framework is in-place to support development. Update zoning and land use to support intensification. | Primary |
| | | | or land assembly | to meet target | | Integrate investments in the public realm and community services that support intensification. | |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | |
| HLRT - 20 | Ray Lawson | Market Lag | g Potential to meet density target with intensification | | Medium | Further study will be required to align policy objectives and in turn increase de- velopment and market potential. | Primary |
| | | | or land assembly | to meet target | | Updates to zoning and land use incompatible with density targets will be re- quired to support intensification. | |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | |
| HLRT - 21 | Sir Lou | | | | | Combined with HLRT - 20: Ray Lawson | |
| HLRT - 22 | Gateway Terminal | Station Ready | Meets or exceeds density target with minimal or no intensification | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | Medium | No apparent policy or implementation barriers exist. However, regular monitoring and other maintenance-type measures should be explored to support and enhance existing conditions and activities. | Primary |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | |
| HLRT - 23 | Charolais | | | | | Combined with HLRT - 22: Gateway Terminal | |

| NO. | MTSA | ТҮРЕ | DEVELOPMENT CAPACITY Type | ZONING CAPACITY Analysis | INFRASTRUCTURE Capacity costs | RECOMMENDATIONS | CLASSIFICATION | |
|-----------|---------------------|---------------------|--|---|--|--|--|---------|
| HLRT - 24 | Nanwood | Limited Potential | Potential to meet density target with intensification | Additional residential uses may be required | - | Land use needs to be updated to permit mixed-use intensification and meet density targets. Update Secondary Plan to support intensification. | Planned | |
| | | | or land assembly | to meet target | | In the short term, investments in the public realm that support increased connectivity to transit stations, should be planned. | | |
| | | | | | | This station requires significant land use changes, infrastructure planning, and investment, prior to being delineated. | | |
| HLRT - 25 | Queen at Wellington | | | | | Combined with KIT - 3: Brampton | | |
| MIL - 1 | Lisgar GO | Strategic Alignment | Potential to meet density target with intensification or land assembly | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | - | Planning policy framework is in-place to support development Complete comprehensive master plan in partnership with major stakeholders, including Metrolinx, and establish land use and zoning to support density targets. | Planned | |
| | | | | | | Re-evaluate market demand once planning framework has been updated. | | |
| | | | | | | Integrate investments in the public realm and community services that support intensification. | | |
| | | | | | | This station requires significant land use changes, infrastructure planning, and investment, prior to being delineated. | | |
| MIL - 2 | Meadowvale GO | Strategic Alignment | target | May not meet density target despite intensification or land | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | - | Planning policy framework is in-place to support development Complete comprehensive master plan in partnership with major stakeholders, including Metrolinx, and establish land use and zoning to support density targets. | Planned |
| | | | assembly | | | Re-evaluate market demand once planning framework has been updated. | | |
| | | | | | | Integrate investments in the public realm and community services that support intensification. | | |
| | | | | | | This station requires significant land use changes, infrastructure planning, and investment, prior to being delineated. | | |
| MIL - 3 | Streetsville GO | Limited Mobility | Potential to meet density target with intensification | uses may be required | - | Transit facilities and services, including accessibility and frequency, need significant improvement to sustain current and planned development activities. | Planned | |
| | | | or land assembly | to meet target | | This station requires significant land use changes, infrastructure planning, and investment, prior to being delineated. | | |
| MIL - 4 | Erindale GO | t | target with intensification uses may be | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | ses may be required | No apparent policy or implementation barriers exist. However, regular monitoring and other maintenance-type measures should be explored to support and enhance existing conditions and activities. | Planned | |
| | | | | | | This station requires significant land use changes, infrastructure planning, and investment, prior to being delineated. | | |
| MIL - 5 | Cooksville GO | | | | | Combined with HLRT - 6: Cooksville GO | | |
| MIL - 6 | Dixie GO | | | | | Combined with DUN - 16: Dixie GO | | |

| NO. | MTSA | ТҮРЕ | DEVELOPMENT CAPACITY Type | ZONING CAPACITY Analysis | INFRASTRUCTURE Capacity costs | RECOMMENDATIONS | CLASSIFICATION | |
|----------|---|---------------------|--|--|---|---|--|---------|
| KIT - 1 | Malton GO | Limited Potential | Potential to meet density target with intensification or land assembly | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | Medium | Land use needs to be updated to permit mixed-use intensification and meet density targets. In the short term, investments in the public realm that support increased connectivity to transit stations, should be planned. | Secondary | |
| | | | | | | Malton GO's growth and development is limited by the Pearson International Airport Operating Area. | | |
| KIT - 2 | Bramalea GO | Limited Potential | May not meet density target despite | Additional residential uses may be required | Medium | In this specific case, minimum densities can be met if land use is updated, via an MCR, to support high intensification employment areas. | Primary | |
| | intensification or land assembly | to meet target | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA and future updates to regional and local land use planning, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | | | | |
| KIT - 3 | Brampton GO | Sensitive Lands | Potential to meet density target with intensification | Supports Density Target | Medium | Flood mitigation strategies, including the Downtown Brampton Flood Protection Project and Riverwalk project, need to be implemented to meet density targets. | Primary | |
| | or land assembly | or land assembly | | | Complete Queen Street Corridor Land Use Study and update Secondary Plan to support intensification. | | | |
| | | | | | | | Additional water and wastewater infrastructure is required. An upgrade to stormwater facility may be required. | |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | | |
| KIT - 4 | Mount Pleasant GO | Station Ready | Meets or exceeds density target with minimal or no intensification | Supports Density Target | Low | No apparent policy or implementation barriers exist. However, regular monitoring and other maintenance-type measures should be explored to support and enhance existing conditions and activities. | Primary | |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | | |
| LWGO - 1 | Port Credit GO | | | | | Combined with HLRT - 1: Port Credit | | |
| LWGO - 2 | Clarkson GO | Strategic Alignment | Potential to meet density target with intensification or land assembly | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | Medium | Planning policy framework is in-place to support development. Complete comprehensive master plan in partnership with major stakeholders, including Metrolinx, and establish land use and zoning to support density targets. | Primary | |
| | | | | | | Re-evaluate market demand once planning framework has been updated. | | |
| | | | | | | Integrate investments in the public realm and community services that support intensification. | | |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA and future updates to regional and local land use planning, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | | |
| 403 - 1 | Ridgeway Limited Mobility Potential to meet density target with intensification | - | uses may be required | uses may be required | n uses may be required | - | Transit facilities and services, including accessibility and frequency, need significant impro vement to sustain current and planned development activities. | Planned |
| | | | or land assembly | to meet target | | This station requires significant land use changes, infrastructure planning, and investment, prior to being delineated. | | |

CHAPTER 7

| NO. | MTSA | ТҮРЕ | DEVELOPMENT CAPACITY Type | ZONING CAPACITY Analysis | INFRASTRUCTURE Capacity costs | RECOMMENDATIONS | CLASSIFICATION | | |
|---------|----------------------------|---------------------------|---|---|--|--|----------------|--|---------|
| 403 - 2 | Winston Churchill | Strategic Alignment | Potential to meet density target with intensification | Additional residential uses may be required | Medium | Planning frameworks, including zoning and/or guidelines, should be reviewed to ensure supportive alignment with emerging conditions and needs. | Secondary | | |
| | | | or land assembly | to meet target | | This MTSA's development and density is limited provincially significant employment zone and Highway 403 right of way. | | | |
| 403 - 3 | Erin Mills | Strategic Alignment | Strategic Alignment | Strategic Alignment | Potential to meet density target with intensification or land assembly | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | Medium | Planning policy framework is in-place to support development Comprehensive master plan together with updated zoning and/or land use to support intensification to be developed in collaboration with Credit Valley Hospital. | Primary |
| | | | | | | Re-evaluate market demand once planning framework has been updated. | | | |
| | | | | | | Integrate investments in the public realm and community services that support intensification, particularly between station and Eglinton Avenue. | | | |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | | | |
| 403 - 4 | target despite uses may be | | Medium | Land use needs to be updated, via an MCR, to permit mixed-use intensification and meet density targets. | Secondary | | | | |
| | | | to meet target | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated but may require a lower alternative density than the Growth Plan minimum. Creditview's development and density is limited by the limited number of parcels for intensification, and restricted access across the GO rail corridor and Highway 403. | | | | |
| 403 - 5 | City Centre | | | | | Combined with HLRT – 11: City Centre | | | |
| 403 - 6 | Central Parkway | Strong Mobility and | | Additional residential | Medium | Comprehensive master plan and update zoning to support intensification. | Secondary | | |
| | | Community | | uses may be required to meet target | | Evaluate potential flood risk and environmentally sensitive lands, and identify potential infrastructure improvements to support intensification. Re-evaluate market demand once planning framework has been updated. | | | |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated but may require a lower alternative density than the Growth Plan minimum. Central Parkway's growth and development is limited by moderate flood risk, environmentally sensitive lands and barriers for concentrated growth north of Highway 403. | | | |
| 403 - 7 | Cawthra | Cawthra Limited Potential | Limited Potential May not meet density target despite intensification or land | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | - | Land use needs to be updated to permit mixed-use intensification and meet density targets. In the short term, investments in the public realm that support increased connectivity to transit stations, should be planned. | Secondary | | |
| | | | assembly | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated but may require a lower alternative density than the Growth Plan minimum. Cawthra's growth and development is limited by moderate flood risk, the Highway 403, and irregular parcel size and availability for intensification. | | | |

CHAPTER 7 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

| NO. | MTSA | ТҮРЕ | DEVELOPMENT CAPACITY Type | ZONING CAPACITY Analysis | INFRASTRUCTURE Capacity costs | RECOMMENDATIONS | CLASSIFICATION |
|----------|-----------------|---------------------|--|--|----------------------------------|---|----------------|
| 403 - 8 | Tomken | Market Push | Potential to meet density target with intensification or land assembly | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | Medium | In the long term, public infrastructure invesment, in combination with updated planning policies and land uses, are required to match market demands for development. | Primary |
| | | | | | | In the short term, investments in the public realm that support increased connectivity to transit stations, should be planned. | |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | |
| 403 - 9 | Dixie | Limited Potential | Potential to meet density target with intensification or land assembly | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | Medium | Land use needs to be updated to permit mixed-use intensification and meet density targets. In the short term, investments in the public realm that support increased connectivity to transit stations, should be planned. | Secondary |
| | | | | | | Dixie's growth and development is limited by moderate flood risk and limited sports and recreational facilities. | |
| 403 - 10 | Tahoe | Market Push | Potential to meet density target with intensification or land assembly | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | Medium | In the long term, public infrastructure invesment, in combination with updated planning policies and land uses, are required to match market demands for development. | Primary |
| | | | | | | In the short term, investments in the public realm that support increased connectivity to transit stations, should be planned. | |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | |
| 403 - 11 | Etobicoke Creek | Market Push | Potential to meet density target with intensification or land assembly | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | Medium | In the long term, public infrastructure invesment, in combination with updated planning policies and land uses, are required to match market demands for development. | Primary |
| | | | | | | In the short term, investments in the public realm that support increased connectivity to transit stations, should be planned. | |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | |
| 403 - 12 | Spectrum | Limited Potential | Potential to meet density target with intensification or land assembly | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | Medium | Land use needs to be updated to permit mixed-use intensification and meet density targets. In the short term, investments in the public realm that support increased connectivity to transit stations, should be planned. | Primary |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | |
| 403 - 13 | Orbitor | Strategic Alignment | May not meet density target despite intensification or land | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | Medium | Land use needs to be updated to permit mixed-use intensification and meet density targets. In the short term, investments in the public realm that support increased connectivity to transit stations, should be planned. | Secondary |
| | | | assembly | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated but may require a lower alternative density than the Growth Plan minimum. Orbitor's growth and development is limited by moderate flood risk. | |

CHAPTER 7 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

| NO. | MTSA | ТҮРЕ | DEVELOPMENT CAPACITY Type | ZONING CAPACITY Analysis | INFRASTRUCTURE Capacity costs | RECOMMENDATIONS | CLASSIFICATION | | | |
|----------|--|--|--|---|----------------------------------|--|----------------|---|--|---------|
| 403 - 14 | Renforth | Strategic Alignment | Potential to meet density target with intensification or land assembly | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | Medium | Land use needs to be updated to permit mixed-use intensification and meet density targets. In the short term, investments in the public realm that support increased connectivity to transit stations, should be planned. | Primary | | | |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | | | | |
| DUN - 1 | Ridgeway | Limited Mobility | Potential to meet density target with intensification | Additional residential uses may be required | - | Transit facilities and services, including accessibility and frequency, need significant impro vement to sustain current and planned development activities. | Primary | | | |
| | | | or land assembly | to meet target | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | | | | |
| DUN - 2 | Winston Churchill | Market Lag | Potential to meet density target with intensification or land assembly | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | Medium | Updates to zoning and land use compatible with minimum densities, and building on Dundas Connects planning study, will be required to support intensification. | Primary | | | |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | | | | |
| DUN - 3 | Glen Erin | Market Lag | Potential to meet density target with intensification | | | | | - | Updates to zoning and land use compatible with density targets, and building on Dundas Connects planning study, will be required to support intensification. | Primary |
| | | | or land assembly | to meet target | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | | | | |
| DUN - 4 | Erin MillsStation ReadyPotential to meet density target with intensification or land assemblyAdditional residential uses may be required to meet target- | target with intensification uses may be required | - | No apparent policy or implementation barriers exist. However, regular monitoring and other maintenance-type measures should be explored to support and enhance existing conditions and activities. Update zoning to support intensification. | Primary | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | | | | |
| DUN - 5 | UTM | Limited Potential | May not meet density target despite intensification or land | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | - | Land use needs to be updated to permit mixed-use intensification and meet density targets. In the short term, investments in the public realm that support increased connectivity to transit stations, should be planned. | Secondary | | | |
| | | | assembly | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated but may require a lower alternative density than the Growth Plan minimum. UTM's growth and development is limited by the Wolfedale Creek to the east, moderate flood risk and significant grade separation. | | | | |
| DUN - 6 | Credit Woodlands | Limited Potential | May not meet density target despite intensification or land | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | - | Land use needs to be updated to permit mixed-use intensification and meet density targets. In the short term, investments in the public realm that support increased connectivity to transit stations, should be planned. | Secondary | | | |
| | | | assembly | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated but may require a lower alternative density than the Growth Plan minimum. Credit Woodlands' growth and development is limited by the Wolfedale Creek, moderate flood risk and significant grade separation. | | | | |

CHAPTER 7

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

| NO. | MTSA | ТҮРЕ | DEVELOPMENT CAPACITY Type | ZONING CAPACITY Analysis | INFRASTRUCTURE Capacity costs | RECOMMENDATIONS | CLASSIFICATION |
|----------|--|---|--|--|---|--|----------------|
| DUN - 7 | Erindale Station | Market Lag | Potential to meet density target with intensification | Additional residential uses may be required | - | Further study will be required to align policy objectives and in turn increase development and market potential. | Primary |
| | | | or land assembly | to meet target | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | |
| DUN - 8 | Wolfedale | t | Potential to meet density target with intensification | Additional residential uses may be required | - | Further study will be required to align policy objectives and in turn increase development and market potential. | Primary |
| | O Claubill Market Leg Market Leg | or land assembly | to meet target | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | | |
| DUN - 9 | Clayhill Market Lag May not meet density target despite | Additional residential uses may be required | - | Further study will be required to align policy objectives and in turn increase development and market potential. | Secondary | | |
| | | | intensification or land assembly | to meet target | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated but may require a lower alternative density than the Growth Plan mini- mum. Clayhill's growth and development is limited by moderate flood risk and significant grade separation. | |
| DUN - 10 | Confederation Parkway | | vay target with intensification uses | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | - | No apparent policy or implementation barriers exist. However, regular monitoring and other maintenance-type measures should be explored to support and enhance existing conditions and activities. | Primary |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | |
| DUN - 11 | Hurontario | | | | | Combined with HLRT - 5: Dundas | |
| DUN - 12 | Kirwin | Kirwin Station Ready | | | - | No apparent policy or implementation barriers exist. However, regular monitoring and other maintenance-type measures should be explored to support and enhance existing conditions and activities. | Primary |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | |
| DUN - 13 | Grenville | Strategic Alignment | Potential to meet density target with intensification or land assembly | | - | Planning policy framework is in-place to support development. Update zoning and/or land use consistent with Dundas Connects planning Study to support intensification. | Primary |
| | | | | | | Re-evaluate market demand once planning framework has been updated. | |
| | | | | | | Integrate investments in the public realm and community services that support intensification. | |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | |

| NO. | MTSA | ТҮРЕ | DEVELOPMENT CAPACITY Type | ZONING CAPACITY Analysis | INFRASTRUCTURE Capacity costs | RECOMMENDATIONS | CLASSIFICATION |
|----------|------------|----------------------------------|--|--|----------------------------------|---|----------------|
| DUN - 14 | Cawthra | Limited Mobility | Potential to meet density target with intensification or land assembly | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | Medium | Transit facilities and services, including accessibility and frequency, need significant improvement to sustain current and planned development activities. Update zoning to support intensification. | Primary |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | |
| DUN - 15 | Tomken | Limited Potential | Potential to meet density target with intensification or land assembly | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | - | Land use needs to be updated to reflect Dundas Connects Master Plan, via an MCR, to permit mixed-use intensification and meet density targets. In the short term, investments in the public realm that support increased connectivity to transit stations, should be planned. | Primary |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | |
| DUN - 16 | Dixie GO | Limited Potential | Potential to meet density target with intensification or land assembly | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | Medium | Land use needs to be updated to permit mixed-use intensification and meet density targets. In the short term, investments in the public realm that support increased connectivity to transit stations, should be planned. | Primary |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | |
| | | | | | | An upgrade to storm-water facilities may be required to mitigate potential flood risk and to achieve its full potential. | |
| DUN - 17 | Wharton | Limited Potential | Potential to meet density target with intensification or land assembly | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | - | Land use needs to be updated to to reflect Dundas Connects Master Plan, permit mixed-use intensification and meet minimum densities. In the short term, investments in the public realm that support increased connectivity to transit stations, should be planned. | Primary |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | |
| | | | | | | Specific policies can be refined as the redevelopment plan for the Twin Pines property is further developed. | |
| | | | | | | An upgrade to storm-water facilities may be required to mitigate potential flood risk and to achieve its full potential | |
| QUE - 1 | Centre St. | Strong Mobility and Community | Meets or exceeds density target with minimal or no intensification | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | - | Planning policy framework and infrstructure is in-place to support development. Complete Queen Street Corridor Land Use Study and update zoning to support intensification. | Primary |
| | | | | | | Re-evaluate market demand once planning framework has been updated. | |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | |

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| NO. | MTSA | ТҮРЕ | DEVELOPMENT CAPACITY Type | ZONING CAPACITY Analysis | INFRASTRUCTURE Capacity costs | RECOMMENDATIONS | CLASSIFICATION |
|---------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|----------------------------------|--|----------------|
| QUE - 2 | Kennedy | Strategic Alignment | Potential to meet density target with intensification or land assembly | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | - | Planning policy framework is in-place to support development Complete Queen Street Corridor Land Use Study and update zoning and/or land use to support intensification. Evaluate potential flood risk and identify potential infrastructure improvements to support intensification. | Primary |
| | | | | | | Re-evaluate market demand once planning framework has been updated. | |
| | | | | | | Integrate investments in the public realm and community services that support intensification. | |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | |
| QUE - 3 | Rutherford | Station Ready | Potential to meet density target with intensification or land assembly | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | - | No apparent policy or implementation barriers exist. However, regular monitoring and other maintenance-type measures should be explored to support and enhance existing conditions and activities. | Primary |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | |
| QUE - 4 | Laurelcrest | Strategic Alignment | Potential to meet density target with intensification or land assembly | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | - | Planning policy framework is in-place to support development. Update zoning and/or land use to support intensification. Evaluate potential flood risk and identify potential infrastructure improvements to support intensification. | Planned |
| | | | | | | Re-evaluate market demand once planning framework has been updated. | |
| | | | | | | Integrate investments in the public realm and community services that support intensification. | |
| | | | | | | This station requires significant land use changes, infrastructure planning, and investment, prior to being delineated. | |
| QUE - 5 | Dixie | Strong Mobility and Community | Potential to meet density target with intensification or land assembly | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | Medium | Planning policy framework is in-place to support development. Update zoning to support intensification. Evaluate potential flood risk and identify potential infrastructure improvements to support intensification. | Planned |
| | | | | | | Re-evaluate market demand once planning framework has been updated. | |
| | | | | | | This station requires significant land use changes, infrastructure planning, and investment, prior to being delineated. | |
| QUE - 6 | Central Park (Bramalea Terminal) | Strong Mobility and Community | Meets or exceeds density target with minimal or no intensification | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | - | Planning policy framework is in-place to support development. Update zoning to support intensification. Evaluate potential flood risk and identify potential infrastructure improvements to support intensification. | Primary |
| | | | | | | Re-evaluate market demand once planning framework has been updated. | |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | |

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| NO. | MTSA | ТҮРЕ | DEVELOPMENT CAPACITY Type | ZONING CAPACITY Analysis | INFRASTRUCTURE Capacity costs | RECOMMENDATIONS | CLASSIFICATION | | | | | | | |
|----------|--------------------|--|--|--|---|--|---|---|---|---------|--|--|--|--|
| QUE - 7 | Bramalea | Bramalea Strong Mobility and Community | | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | - | Planning policy framework is in-place to support development. Update zoning to support intensification. Evaluate potential flood risk and identify potential infrastructure improvements to support intensification. | Planned | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Re-evaluate market demand once planning framework has been updated. | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | This station requires significant land use changes, infrastructure planning, and investment, prior to being delineated. | | | | | | | | |
| QUE - 8 | Glenvale-FInchgate | Market Lag | Potential to meet density target with intensification | Additional residential uses may be required | - | Further study will be required to align policy objectives and in turn increase development and market potential. | Planned | | | | | | | |
| | | | or land assembly | to meet target | | This station requires significant land use changes, infrastructure planning, and investment, prior to being delineated. | | | | | | | | |
| QUE - 9 | Torbram | Torbram Market Lag | May not meet density target despite | Additional residential uses may be required | - | Further study will be required to align policy objectives and in turn increase development and market potential. | Planned | | | | | | | |
| | | | intensification or assembly | intensification or land assembly | nd to meet target | | This station requires significant land use changes, infrastructure planning, and investment, prior to being delineated. | | | | | | | |
| QUE - 10 | Chrysler-Gateway | | target with intensification | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | uired | Planning policy framework is in-place to support development. Update zoning and/or land use to support intensification. | Planned | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | to meet target | | Re-evaluate market demand once planning framework has been updated. | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | This station requires significant land use changes, infrastructure planning, and investment, prior to being delineated. | | | | | | |
| QUE - 11 | Airport | AirportStrong Market and PlanningPotential to meet density target with intensification or land assemblyAdditional residential uses may be required to meet target | Planning target w | target with intensification us | uses may be required | uses may be required | uses may be required | - | Planning policy framework is in-place to support development. Update zoning and land use to support intensification. Evaluate potential flood risk and identify potential infrastructure improvements to support intensification. | Planned | | | | |
| | | | | Integrate investments in the public realm and community services that support intensification. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | This station requires significant land use changes, infrastructure planning, and investment, prior to being delineated. | | | | | | | | |
| QUE - 12 | Goreway | Goreway Strong Market and Potential to meet density Planning ranget with intensification or land assembly | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | - | Planning policy framework is in-place to support development. Update zoning and land use to support intensification. Evaluate potential flood risk and identify potential infrastructure improvements to support intensification. | Planned | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Integrate investments in the public realm and community services that support intensification. | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | This station requires significant land use changes, infrastructure planning, and investment, prior to being delineated. | | | | | | | | |

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| NO. | MTSA | ТҮРЕ | DEVELOPMENT CAPACITY Type | ZONING CAPACITY Analysis | INFRASTRUCTURE Capacity costs | RECOMMENDATIONS | CLASSIFICATION | | |
|----------|-------------------|---|---|--|---|--|---|--|---------|
| QUE - 13 | McVean | McVean Limited Potential | | Potential to meet density target with intensification or land assembly | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | - | Land use needs to be updated, via an MCR, to permit mixed-use intensification and meet density targets. Update Secondary Plan to support intensification. In the short term, investments in the public realm that support increased connectivity to transit stations, should be planned. | Planned | |
| | | | | | | This station requires significant land use changes, infrastructure planning, and investment, prior to being delineated. | | | |
| QUE - 14 | The Gore | | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | - | In the long term, public infrastructure invesment, in combination with updated planning policies and land uses, are required to match market demands for development. | Planned | | | |
| | | | | | | In the short term, investments in the public realm that support increased connectivity to transit stations, should be planned. | | | |
| | | | | | | This station requires significant land use changes, infrastructure planning, and investment, prior to being delineated. | | | |
| QUE - 15 | Highway 50 | t | target with | target with intensification uses may be | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | ay be required | In the long term, public infrastructure invesment, in combination with updated planning policies and land uses, are required to match market demands for development. | Planned | |
| | | | | | | In the short term, investments in the public realm that support increased connectivity to transit stations, should be planned. | | | |
| | | | | | | | This station requires significant land use changes, infrastructure planning, and investment, prior to being delineated. | | |
| 407 - 1 | Britannia | Britannia Limited Potential | Potential to meet density target with intensification or land assembly | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | uired | Planning policy framework is in-place to support development along Ninth Line. Update zoning and land use to support intensification. Integrate investments in the public realm and community services that support intensification. | Primary | | |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | | | |
| 407 - 2 | Derry | Planning target wit | | target with intensification uses ma | uses may be required | n uses may be required | Medium | Planning policy framework is in-place to support development along Ninth Line. Update zoning and land use to support intensification. Integrate investments in the public realm and community services that support intensification. | Primary |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | | | |
| 407 - 3 | Winston Churchill | target despite intensification or land assembly uses may be required to meet target line to meet target | | | Medium | Given the mix of land uses and strategic framework for this MTSA, no delineation boundary has been identified. | Planned | | |
| | | | In the long term, public infrastructure invesment, in combination with updated planning policies and land uses, are required to match market demands for development. In the short term, investments in the public realm that support increased connectivity to transit stations, should be planned. | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | This station requires significant land use changes, infrastructure planning, and investment, prior to being delineated. | | | |

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

| NO. | MTSA | ТҮРЕ | DEVELOPMENT CAPACITY Type | ZONING CAPACITY Analysis | INFRASTRUCTURE Capacity costs | RECOMMENDATIONS | CLASSIFICATION | | | | | | | |
|---------|------------------|---|--|--|----------------------------------|--|--|----------------|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| 407 - 4 | Missisauga Rd. | Missisauga Rd. Market Push | May not meet density target despite | Additional residential uses may be required | - | Given the mix of land uses and strategic framework for this MTSA, no delineation boundary has been identified. | Planned | | | | | | | |
| | | | intensification or land assembly | | to meet target | n or land to meet target | | | In the long term, public infrastructure invesment, in combination with updated planning policies and land uses, are required to match market demands for development. In the short term, investments in the public realm that support increased connectivity to transit stations, should be planned. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | This station requires significant land use changes, infrastructure planning, and investment, prior to being delineated. | | | | | | | | |
| 407 - 5 | Mavis | Strategic Alignment | May not meet density target despite | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | - | Given the mix of land uses and strategic framework for this MTSA, no delineation boundary has been identified. | Planned | | | | | | | |
| | | | intensification or land assembly | | | Planning frameworks, including zoning and/or guidelines, should be reviewed to ensure supportive alignment with emerging conditions and needs. | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | This station requires significant land use changes, infrastructure planning, and investment, prior to being delineated. | | | | | | | | |
| 407 - 6 | Hurontario | | | | | Combined with HLRT - 19: Highway 407 | | | | | | | | |
| 407 - 7 | Dixie | Market Push | : Push May not meet density target despite | espite uses may be required to meet target | Medium | Given the mix of land uses and strategic framework for this MTSA, no delineation boundary has been identified. | Planned | | | | | | | |
| | | | intensification or land assembly | | to meet target | to meet target | to meet target | to meet target | to meet target | | In the long term, public infrastructure invesment, in combination with updated planning policies and land uses, are required to match market demands for development. In the short term, investments in the public realm that support increased connectivity to transit stations, should be planned. | | | |
| | | | | | | This station requires significant land use changes, infrastructure planning, and investment, prior to being delineated. | | | | | | | | |
| 407 - 8 | Bramalea/Torbram | target despite uses may be required boundary has be intensification or land to meet target Planning framewer assembly Image: Comparison of the second | target despite | uses may be required | uses may be required | - | Given the mix of land uses and strategic framework for this MTSA, no delineation boundary has been identified. | Planned | | | | | | |
| | | | Planning frameworks, including zoning and/or guidelines, should be reviewed to ensure supportive alignment with emerging conditions and needs. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 407 - 9 | Airport Rd. | Strategic Alignment | target despite | Additional residential uses may be required | - | Given the mix of land uses and strategic framework for this MTSA, no delineation boundary has been identified. | Planned | | | | | | | |
| | | | Planning frameworks, including zoning and/or guidelines, should be reviewed to ensure supportive alignment with emerging conditions and needs. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | This station requires significant land use changes, infrastructure planning, and investment, prior to being delineated. | | | | | | | | |

| NO. | MTSA | ТҮРЕ | DEVELOPMENT CAPACITY Type | ZONING CAPACITY Analysis | INFRASTRUCTURE Capacity costs | RECOMMENDATIONS | CLASSIFICATION | CH/ |
|------------------|------------------------|-------------------|---|--|--|---|----------------|-----------|
| 407 - 10 Goreway | Goreway | Limited Potential | May not meet density target despite intensification or land assembly | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | _ | Given the mix of land uses and strategic framework for this MTSA, no delineation boundary has been identified. | Planned | CHAPTER 7 |
| | | | | | | Land use needs to be updated, via an MCR, to permit mixed-use intensification and meet density targets. Update Secondary Plan to support intensification. In the short term, investments in the public realm that support increased connectivity to transit stations, should be planned. | | EXECUTI |
| | | | | | | This station requires significant land use changes, infrastructure planning, and investment, prior to being delineated. | | VE SUN |
| LBRT - 1 | Dixie | Market Push | Potential to meet density target with intensification or land assembly | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | Medium | In the long term, public infrastructure invesment, in combination with updated planning policies and land uses, are required to match market demands for development. | Primary | UMMARY |
| | | | | | | In the short term, investments in the public realm that support increased connectivity to transit stations, should be planned. | | |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | | |
| LBRT - 2 | Haig | Market Push | Potential to meet density target with intensification or land assembly | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | nay be required | Public infrastructure invesment, in combination with updated planning policies and land uses, are required to match market demands for development. | Primary | |
| | | | | | | Concurrent investments in the public realm that support increased connectivity to transit stations, should be planned. | | |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | | |
| LBRT - 3 | Lakefront Promenade | | Potential to meet density target with intensification | Additional residential uses may be required | - | Public infrastructure invesment, in combination with updated planning policies and land uses, are required to match market demands for development. | Primary | |
| | | | to meet target | | Concurrent investments in the public realm that support increased connectivity to transit stations, should be planned. | | | |
| | | | | | | Based on the development and infrastructure capacity of the MTSA, it will be delineated and can meet or exceed the Growth Plan minimum density. | | |

| NO. | MTSA | ТҮРЕ | DEVELOPMENT CAPACITY Type | ZONING CAPACITY Analysis | INFRASTRUCTURE Capacity costs | RECOMMENDATIONS | CLASSIFICATION | CH |
|---------|----------------------------|-----------------------|---|---|----------------------------------|--|----------------|---------------|
| HUB - 1 | Bolton GO* | Strategic Alignment** | ategic Alignment** Potential to meet density target with future development | Updated zoning for additional uses required to meet target | _ | As the station is now in the settlement boundary, prepare a transit-oriented secondary plan to permit mixed-use development and meet Growth Plan minimum densities. | Primary | CHAPTER 7 |
| | | | | | | Engage with transit agencies on status of the proposed GO station and encourage rail service to this area. | | EXECUTIVE |
| | | | | | | While recognizing the strategic importance of this station for serving growth in Bolton, significant land use change, significant infrastructure planning and investment is required to support the significant development potential of this primary MTSA. | | JTIVE SUMMARY |
| HUB - 2 | Mayfield West | target w | | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | equired | In the long term, public infrastructure invesment is required in combination with development of the Mayfield West Phase 2 secondary plan. | Planned | ARY |
| | | | or land assembly | | | In the short term, investments in the public realm that support increased connectivity to transit stations, should be planned. | | |
| | | | | | | This station requires significant land use changes, infrastructure planning, and investment, prior to being delineated. | | |
| HUB - 3 | Steeles at Mississauga | Market Push | Potential to meet density target with intensification or land assembly | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | - | In the long term, public infrastructure invesment, in combination with updated planning policies and land uses, are required to match market demands for development. | Planned | |
| | | | | | | In the short term, investments in the public realm that support increased connectivity to transit stations, should be planned. | | |
| | | | | | | This station requires significant land use changes, infrastructure planning, and investment, prior to being delineated. | | |
| HUB - 4 | Trinity Common Terminal | Station Ready | Potential to meet density target with intensification or land assembly | Additional residential uses may be required to meet target | - | No apparent policy barriers exist. However, regular monitoring and other maintenance-type measures should be explored to support and enhance existing conditions and activities. | Planned | |
| | | | | | | This station requires significant land use changes, infrastructure planning, and investment, prior to being delineated. | | |
| HUB - 5 | Bramalea Terminal | | | | | Combined with QUE - 6: Central Park (Bramalea Terminal) | | |

* This MTSA is subject to 0. Reg. 171-21, enacted through a Minister's Zoning Oder (MZO) on March 7, 2021. The MZO permits a range of land uses and development densities consistent with the MTSA policies of the Growth Plan 2019, in anticipation of a future Caledon GO rail line within the 2051 planning horizon. Consequently, Regional and Local municipal planning documents will be prepared to support the implementation of this planned station, in a manner consistent with the MZO and supportive policies. The Report recommendations therefore still apply towards preparing this MTSA for future growth.

** Since completion of the Phase 1 analysis, ROPA 30 has revised the land use planning framework for the Bolton GO MTSA and increased market interest has been manifested through development applications. For these reasons, the MTSA Type has been revised to "Strategic Alignment".

7.2 / FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

This Study evaluated over 100 potential Major Transit Station Areas (MTSA) across Peel Region, representing a variety of community contexts and transit services, through the following criteria or lenses:

- 1. Mobility: Level and quality of transportation options and connections
- 2. Market and Growth Potential: Ability and readiness to develop
- 3. Land Use and Built Form: Physical surroundings and activities
- 4. Community Considerations: Facilities and services to support people

These criteria, established in consultation with staff from Peel Region and the area municipalities, represent considerations that are important for planning and building places that are compact, mixed-use, accessible and support the surrounding area including established neighbourhoods, areas undergoing redevelopment and employment districts.

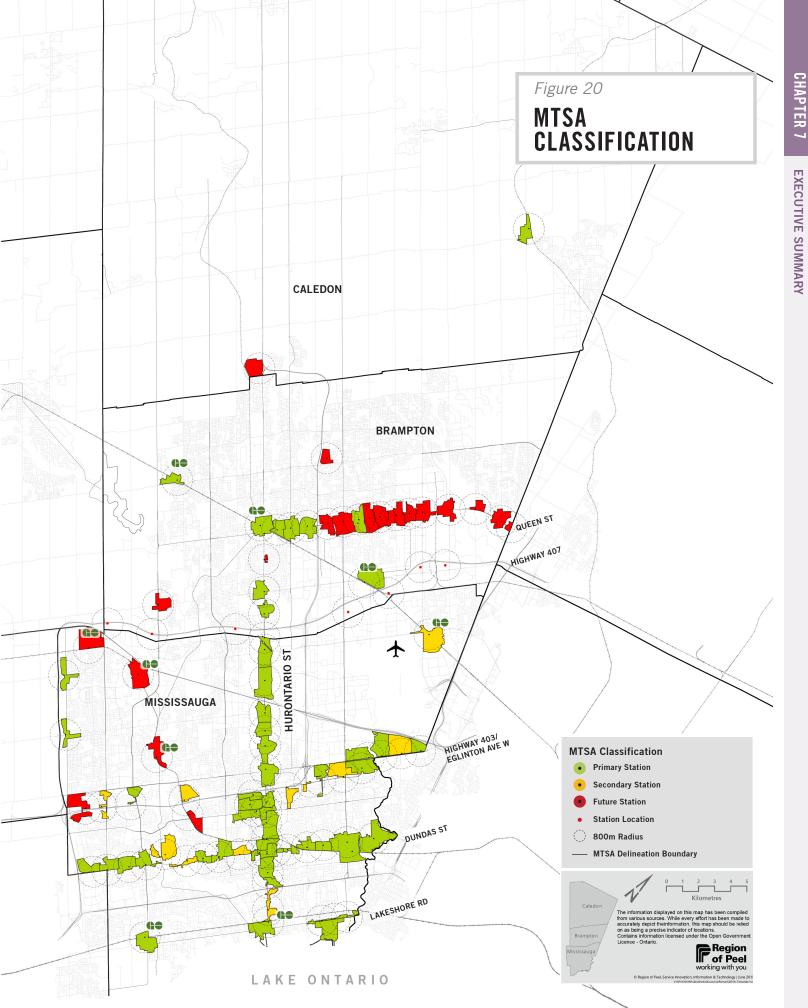
This approach is consistent with the in-force and emerging Regional Structure objectives and policies of the Regional Official Plan, forming part of the in-progress Municipal Comprehensive Review process to conform to the Provincial Growth Plan (2019) including the Section 2.2.4 policies specific to MTSAs. While this policy regime (Section 2.2.4) does specify minimum density targets for MTSAs, based on the level of existing or planned rapid transit, our analysis and prioritization of the MTSAs in Peel Region was not a "numbers-driven" exercise; in our view, through applying the applicable Provincial and Regional policies, the planned role and function of MTSAs requires good design, connectivity, public amenities and services, and a mix of land uses in addition to transit-supportive densities. In fact, a transit-supportive density without those other attributes would likely not make for a successful transit station area. Therefore, we concluded that a condition-focused and strategic approach would best serve the achievement of Provincial and Regional planning objectives.

Ultimately, we determined that ability of each MTSA to achieve mixed-use intensification and improve neighbourhood connectivity in the near- and long-term were key considerations for determining how to plan for and support the role and function of MTSAs across the Region. Furthermore, we found that most MTSAs could meet, and in some cases far exceed, the density targets by the 2041 (the Growth Plan planning horizon in place while this Study was ongoing) and 2051 (in effect at the time of finalization) time periods.

While MTSAs in Urban Growth Centres such as Mississauga City Centre and Downtown Brampton, and along some segments of the Hurontario corridor, are meeting or close to meeting the Provincial Growth Plan density targets, most stations are at different stages in their growth and evolution towards achieving the target densities within the 2051 planning horizon. Please note that the minimum densities do not have to be met within the Planning Horizon.

Adding to the potential of MTSAs to meet and exceed development and density expectations, especially in the two Urban Growth Centres and Hurontario/Main Street corridor is Peel Region's strong employment growth. MTSAs in Peel Region have many site selection characteristics that are desirable for new office locations, as they will have access to higher-order public transit and will generally be located in mixed-use urban communities with access to restaurants, retail, recreation and public realm amenities.

Evaluating the over 100 MTSAs resulted in a comprehensive categorization of each station area in consideration of overall development potential, alignment with municipal and provincial planning policies, and infrastructure capacity. What resulted, through Phase 1B of this Study, was the "filtering" of the stations into three classifications:



Primary Station: Areas delineated in this plan that have existing or planned transit supportive built forms and can meet or exceed the minimum transit supportive density target.

Secondary Station: Areas delineated in this plan that are constrained by existing land use patterns and built forms and may require an alternative density target. These stations may take on a commuter station function with a mix of uses that support increased transit ridership.

Planned Station: Areas identified in the Regional Official Plan which are intended to become Major Transit Station Areas that are not yet delineated, but will be when infrastructure planning and investment and/or land use changes unlock potential.

The MTSAs within each category, determined through the analyses and classification process, shown in Figure 20 MTSA Classification Map, are located along 7 priority transit corridors. Our approach is designed to enable the Region and the area municipalities to make the right decisions at the right time, to support the planning and implementation of transit-oriented communities at both neighbourhood and regional scales. To that end, and in conclusion:

- 1. Categorizing the over 100 MTSAs in Peel Region as being either "Primary", Secondary" or "Planned", and assigning the appropriate level of policy and implementation support to each, is most appropriate given the number of stations, different community contexts, and ranges of market maturity across the Region. This allows the Region, in cooperation with the area municipalities, to focus resources on those station areas which are best-positioned to accommodate growth and transit ridership in the near- to medium-term. This approach would also provide some measure of predictability to area residents, businesses, and potential developers about how and the degree to which an area will likely change.
- The current proposed Section 5.6 Major Transit Station Areas policies of the draft Regional Official Plan (December, 2020) have been coordinated with, informed by, and are generally consistent with the Study findings and recommendations, arising from Phases 1A and 1B. Of particular note, the draft policies:
 - a. Acknowledge, in the preamble, that each station area "will be unique and be influenced by its local condition and growth potential."
 - b. Prioritize, by delineating station area boundaries and specific policies, Primary and Secondary MTSAs which will be subject to more detailed policies in local municipal official plans and implementation strategies.
 - c. Protect for the longer-term implementation of Planned MTSAs, possibly beyond the 2051 horizon, by prohibiting land uses which may preclude the type and magnitude of transit-oriented development envisioned in the Growth Plan.
 - d. Pay particular attention to connectivity, especially for pedestrians and cyclists, within the station area and the surrounding community.
 - e. Overall, contain the appropriate level of detail to establish a clear Regional vision and role for MTSAs while at the same time enabling and supporting the area municipalities to undertake more detailed planning and implementation approaches, to best respond to local contexts, needs, and opportunities.

- 3. The Study, based on a comprehensive and multi-faceted analysis, provides sufficient information to support further MTSA planning by the Region and area municipalities. Should a station be "promoted" from a Future or Secondary MTSA to a Primary MTSA, for example, the analyses and findings summarized in Table 1 and Chapter 8 contain specific steps or needs required to enhance and/or accelerate a station's build-out potential. In some cases a station area may require flood mitigation to achieve its full potential, and in others a combination of infrastructure and community linkages may be required. In any case, decision-makers will be able to make informed decisions.
- 4. The Region and its area municipalities are well-positioned to achieve the planning vision, including minimum target densities, of Growth Plan priority MTSAs within the current 2051 planning horizon. Where barriers exist or may arise in the future, the Study identifies a range of appropriate interventions that may be undertaken to facilitate fuller implementation. It is to be noted that some stations may take a little longer to evolve and the minimum density may not be met within the Planning Horizon.

O8. APPENDIX



8.1 / OFFICE MARKET TRENDS

urbanMetrics inc. has undertaken a high-level strategic office market assessment based on broad economic and leasing trends, to identify opportunities and constraints that could influence the amount of office space that could be accommodated within the MTSAs over the planning horizon.

Significant employment growth is forecast in Peel Region, and MTSAs are well positioned to accommodate a sizeable share of major office and population-related employment growth. MTSAs in Peel Region have many site selection characteristics that are desirable for new office locations, as they will have access to higher-order public transit and will generally be located in mixed-use urban communities with access to restaurants, retail, recreation and public realm amenities.

As shown in Figure 1-1, major office employment is expected to account for a larger share of employment growth going forward. Peel Region is forecast to add as many 84,000 major office jobs between 2016 and 2041. As such, there will increasingly be opportunities to accommodate this office employment growth, along with population-related employment growth within MTSAs and along transit corridors. The Region is monitoring the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic on the office market and continues to plan to meet office employment forecasts within the planning horizon.

The office market trends are already starting to materialize in Peel Region, with the proposed redevelopment of both Shoppers World Brampton and Square One including office components that compliment population-related employment opportunities and residential units.

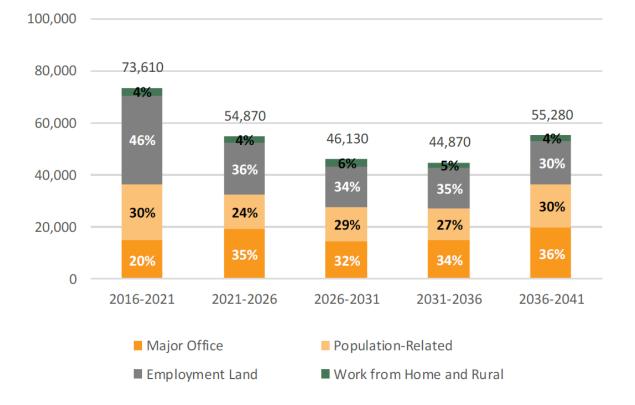


Figure 21. Employment Growth, 2016-2041

SOURCE: urbanMetrics based on Peel Region 2041 Growth Allocations – Scenario 16.

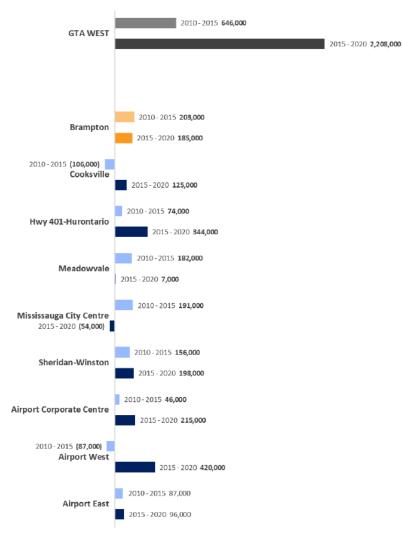
8.1.1 / OFFICE MARKET METRICS

To identify the MTSAs that are likely to see the strongest opportunity for new office construction, we have examined various office market metrics, including vacancy rates, average net lease rates and growth in lease rates.

Colliers International ("Colliers") tracks the total amount of office space (in buildings over 20,000 square feet) across its GTA West submarket, which includes Mississauga and Brampton, in addition to Etobicoke, Halton Hills, Milton, Oakville and Burlington.¹

Figure 22 illustrates the average annual growth in office space across the Colliers submarkets located-at least in part-in Peel over the past 10 years. Over the past 10 years the GTA West submarket has added some 14.3 million square feet of office space or some 1.43 million square feet per year. As shown in Figure 1-2, construction of new office space has accelerated in recent years.

Figure 22. Average Annual Office Space Growth



SOURCE: urbanMetrics inc., based on Colliers International office market data, Q1 2010 to Q1 2020.

¹ The boundaries for the various sub-market geographies within Peel Region is illustrated in Figure 23.

CHAPTER 8.1 OFFICE MARKET TRENDS

Most office space constructed over the past 10 years, about 1.0 million square feet per year, was added in Peel Region with approximately 860,000 square feet per year constructed in Mississauga and approximately 190,000 square feet per year constructed in Brampton.²

As shown, while some submarkets experienced fairly steady growth over the period (e.g., Brampton, Sheridan-Winston, Airport East), some submarkets have seen new office construction accelerate, including Cooksville, Airport West, Airport Corporate Centre and Hwy 401-Hurontario.

Figure 23 illustrates the current distribution of office space across the submarkets, as well as their respective percentage allocation of the Peel office space supply. We note that the four submarkets located along Highway 401 contain most of Peel's office space, accounting for approximately 72% or 26.4 million square feet of the Region's office space. The concentration of space in these submarkets is likely due to many suburban office workers' use of private automobiles in their daily commutes.

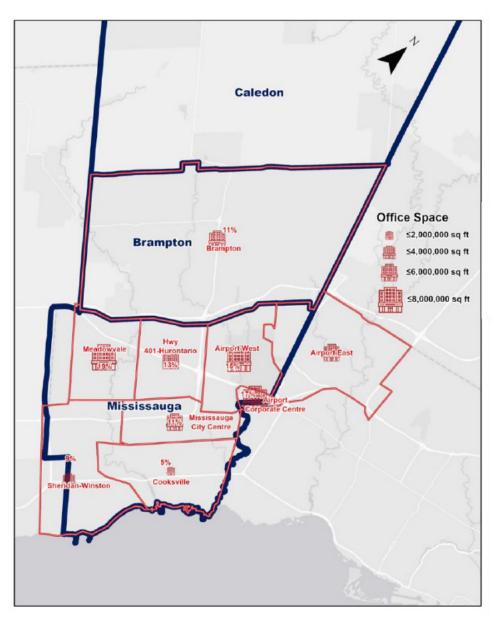


Figure 23. Existing Office Space (Q1 2020)

SOURCE: urbanMetrics inc., based on Colliers International office market data, Q1 2020.

² Colliers does not publish data for Caledon. However, CoStar data suggest that the supply of office space in Caledon has remained flat over the period.

An important indicator in evaluating the need for additional office space in the future, as well as an area's attractiveness to new office development, is the current and trending availability rate (i.e., vacant space and space soon to be available for lease/sublease). As illustrated in Figure 24, all three lower tier municipalities have seen availability rates decline over the past 5 years, based on CoStar data. We note that while the availability rates in Brampton and Caledon are considered low, availability in Mississauga is still slightly above the rate that is often considered indicative of a well-served, balanced market.

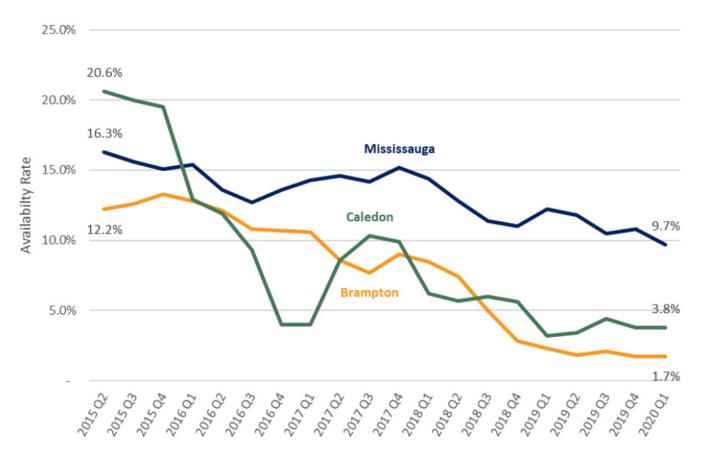
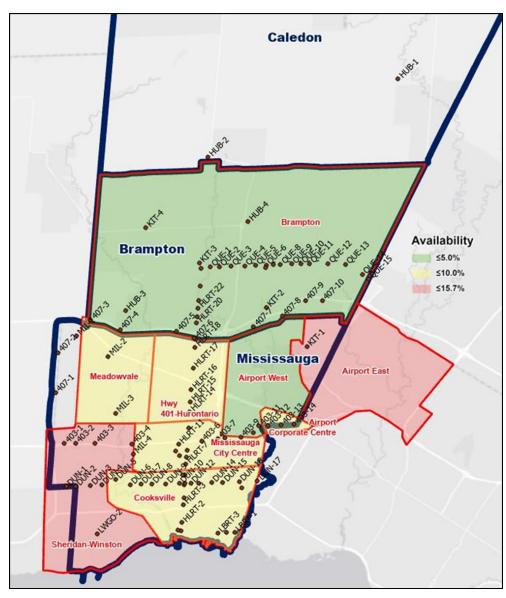


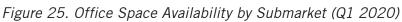
Figure 24. Office Space Availability Rates by Municipality (5-year)

SOURCE: urbanMetrics inc., based on CoStar Realty data.

CHAPTER 8.1 OFFICE MARKET TRENDS

The submarket maps in Figure 25 identify the average office space availability by submarket. Purely from an availability perspective, submarkets with less than 5% availability are likely to see short-term demand for more office space, submarkets with between 5% and 10% availability may have some demand for new office space, while submarkets with more than 10% availability are less likely to attract new office development in the near future.





SOURCE: urbanMetrics inc., based on the Colliers International GTA West submarkets. For illustration only. See Appendix A for listing of MTSAs within each submarket.

The availability rate is not the only predictor of a submarket's potential for new office development. The average net lease rate in a submarket is also an indicator of its potential for new development, as the higher net lease rates result in the potential for strong net operating income and building valuations for completed buildings.

As shown in Figure 26, CoStar data on the average base lease rates (i.e., net lease rates) for office space across the three lower-tier municipalities show relatively flat base rates in Mississauga, some growth in office base rates in Brampton, and a decline in base rates in Caledon, albeit the decline in Caledon is due to a small number of transactions.

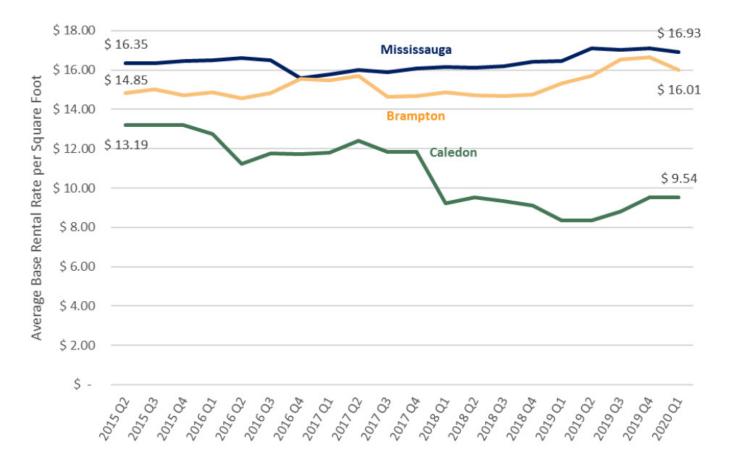
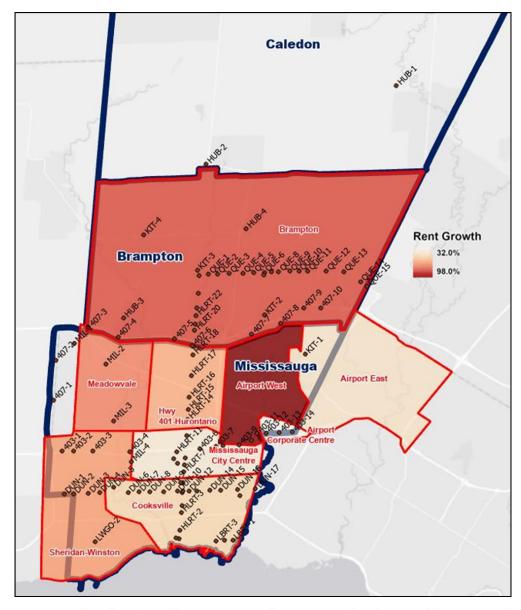


Figure 26. Average Office Base Lease Rates by Municipality

SOURCE: urbanMetrics inc., based on CoStar Realty data.

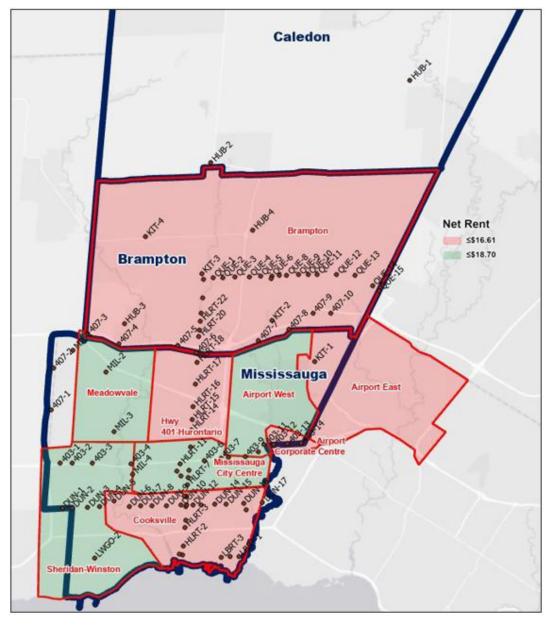
To identify submarkets that have the highest potential for new office development, we have examined growth in average net lease rates in Figure 27. As shown, the submarkets with the strongest growth in average net lease rates, Brampton and Airport West, also have the lowest office availability rates, which suggests there is relatively strong potential for new office development in these areas.





SOURCE: urbanMetrics inc., based on the Colliers International GTA West submarkets. For illustration only. See Appendix A for listing of MTSAs within each submarket.

Figure 28 illustrates the current average net lease rate for each of the office submarkets. Submarkets with an average net lease rate higher than the GTA West average of \$16.61 per square foot have been identified in green, signifying a higher potential for new office development. Submarkets with a lower average net lease rate than the GTA West submarket have been identified in red, signifying less potential for new development.





SOURCE: urbanMetrics inc., based on the Colliers International GTA West submarkets. For illustration only. See Appendix A for listing of MTSAs within each submarket.

8.1.2 / OPPORTUNITIES AND CONSTRAINTS

There are several factors that are expected to impact the construction of office space within each of the submarkets in Peel Region based on this

As shown, the Airport West submarket, which includes MTSAs along the Highway 403 BRT, have the highest potential for new office development. The market metrics suggest that MTSAs located in Brampton, as well as the Meadowvale, Mississauga City Centre and Sheridan-Winston submarkets also have near-term potential for new office construction.

The construction of the Hurontario LRT will likely increase the office market potential in submarkets located along these corridors. This is already evident from recently applications to incorporate office space into the Shoppers World Brampton and Square One redevelopments. The significant investments being made by Brampton in their downtown are also likely to help attract office tenants and future office development.

| Submarkets | Vacancy Rate | Net Lease Rate | Growth in Lease Rates | Overall |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|--------------------------|---------|
| Brampton | | | L | • |
| Cooksville | | | | |
| Highway 401- Hurontario | | | | |
| Meadowvale | | | L | L |
| Mississauga City Centre | L | L | | L |
| Sheridan- Winston | | | | L |
| Airport Corporate Centre | L | | | |
| Airport West | | L | | |

8.1.3 / OFFICE SUBMARKETS

| Colliers Submarket | MTSA ID | MTSA Name | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | 403 - 14 | Renforth | | | |
| Airport Corporate Centre | 403 - 13 | Orbitor | | | |
| Conne | 403 - 12 | Spectrum | | | |
| Airport East | KIT - 1 | Malton GO | | | |
| Airport West | 403 - 10 | Tahoe | | | |
| Airport west | 403 - 11 | Etobicoke Creek | | | |
| | KIT - 3 | Brampton GO | | | |
| | QUE - 1 | Centre St. | | | |
| | QUE - 2 | Kennedy | | | |
| | QUE - 3 | Rutherford | | | |
| | QUE - 4 | Laurelcrest | | | |
| | QUE - 5 | Dixie | | | |
| | QUE - 6 | Central Park (Bramalea Terminal) | | | |
| | QUE - 7 | Bramalea | | | |
| | QUE - 8 | Glenvale-Finchgate | | | |
| | QUE - 9 | Torbram | | | |
| | QUE - 10 | Chrysler-Gateway | | | |
| | QUE - 11 | Airport | | | |
| | QUE - 12 | Goreway | | | |
| | QUE - 13 | McVean | | | |
| Brampton | QUE - 14 | The Gore | | | |
| | QUE - 15 | Highway 50 | | | |
| | KIT - 4 | Mount Pleasant GO | | | |
| | HUB - 4 | Trinity Common Terminal | | | |
| | HLRT - 24 | Nanwood | | | |
| | HUB - 3 | Steeles at Mississauga | | | |
| | HLRT - 22 | Gateway Terminal | | | |
| | KIT - 2 | Bramalea GO | | | |
| | HLRT - 20 | Ray Lawson | | | |
| | 407 - 3 | Winston Churchill | | | |
| | 407 - 4 | Mississauga Rd. | | | |
| | 407 - 5 | Mavis | | | |
| | 407 - 7 | Dixie | | | |
| | 407 - 8 | Bramalea/Torbram | | | |
| | 407 - 9 | Airport Rd. | | | |
| | 407 - 10 | Goreway | | | |

| Colliers Submarket | MTSA ID | MTSA Name | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | DUN - 12 | Kirwin | | | |
| | DUN - 15 | Tomken | | | |
| | DUN - 14 | Cawthra | | | |
| | DUN - 13 | Grenville | | | |
| | DUN - 10 | Confederation Parkway | | | |
| | DUN - 9 | Clayhill | | | |
| | DUN - 8 | Wolfedale | | | |
| | DUN - 7 | Erindale Station | | | |
| | DUN - 5 | UTM | | | |
| | LBRT - 3 | Lakefront Promenade | | | |
| Cooksville | | | | | |
| | LBRT - 2 | Haig | | | |
| | LBRT - 1 | Dixie | | | |
| | DUN - 6 | Credit Woodlands | | | |
| | DUN - 16 | Dixie GO | | | |
| | HLRT - 6 | Cooksville GO | | | |
| | HLRT - 1 | Port Credit GO | | | |
| | HLRT - 4 | Queensway | | | |
| | HLRT - 2 | Mineola | | | |
| | HLRT - 5 | Dundas | | | |
| | HLRT - 3 | North Service | | | |
| | HLRT - 14 | Bristol | | | |
| | HLRT - 18 | Derry | | | |
| Hwy 401-Hurontario | HLRT - 16 | Britannia | | | |
| nwy 401-nuiontano | HLRT - 15 | Matheson | | | |
| | HLRT - 17 | Courtney Park | | | |
| | HLRT - 19 | Highway 407 | | | |
| Meadowvale | MIL - 2 | Meadowvale GO | | | |
| weadowvale | MIL - 3 | Streetsville GO | | | |
| | HLRT - 13 | Eglinton | | | |
| | HLRT - 8 | Burnhamthorpe (Matthews Gate) | | | |
| Nississon Otto | HLRT - 11 | City Centre | | | |
| Mississauga City Centre | HLRT - 10 | Duke of York | | | |
| | HLRT - 9 | Main | | | |
| | HLRT - 12 | Robert Speck | | | |
| | HLRT - 7 | Fairview (Central Parkway) | | | |
| | 403 - 6 | Central Parkway | | | |
| | 403 - 7 | Cawthra | | | |
| | 403 - 8 | Tomken | | | |
| | 403 - 9 | Dixie | | | |
| | DUN - 4 | Erin Mills | | | |
| | DUN - 3 | Glen Erin | | | |
| | DUN - 2 | Winston Churchill | | | |
| | DUN - 1 | Ridgeway | | | |
| | MIL - 4 | Erindale GO | | | |
| Sheridan-Winston | LWGO - 2 | Clarkson GO | | | |
| | 403 - 1 | Ridgeway | | | |
| | 403 - 2 | Winston Churchill | | | |
| | 403 - 3 | Erin Mills | | | |
| | 403 - 4 | Creditview | | | |
| L | 403-4 | Groutinew | | | |

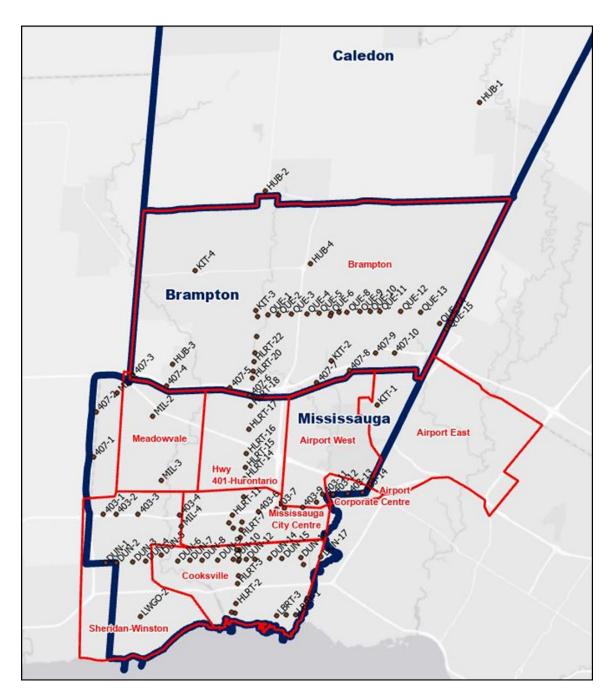


Figure 29. Office Submarkets. Source: urbanMetrics inc.

8.2 / DEVELOPMENT CAPACITY ANALYSIS

Development capacity is just one of the considerations that goes into identifying the final capacity that can be accommodated within an MTSA. As such, it is just one piece of an overall larger puzzle that includes factors such as community considerations, servicing capacity, mobility/transportation capacity, etc.

The timely and responsive implementation of Peel Region's MTSA policy framework and priorities is critical for achieving the vision for compact, mixed use and connected communities. Local municipal zoning by-laws are important tools for achieving the Regional vision at the neighbourhood level; for ensuring that planned land use mix and density, in combination with good design and connectivity, is implemented through the development process. While some MTSAs have "as-of-right" zoning already largely in-place to implement the Provincial and Regional density targets and land use policies, many stations, especially outside of Urban Growth Centres and developed hubs, do not. Many stations, as noted in Table 1, have a combination of zoning categories and densities which are not optimal for achieving the desired land use and density thresholds for MTSAs. Low-density residential and less intensive commercial zoning, for example, still predominates in many areas; this is especially the case outside of the Mississauga and Brampton Urban Growth Centres, and the Hurontario Street Corridor. Municipal-initiated zoning by-law reviews, to align development permissions with official plan policies for MTSAs, and other areas desirable for more intensive mixed-use development.

While this Development Capacity Analysis looks at the number of persons and jobs that could be accommodated in each MTSA based on various built forms, it does not consider market potential for these forms of development. The market potential for various residential built forms was previously considered as part of the Strategic Market Capacities report prepared by urbanMetrics. As part of the Strategic Market Capacities report, it was identified that demographic and affordability considerations are generally supportive of accommodating higher rates of intensification within MTSAs across Peel Region. As discussed earlier in this report, it may be more challenging to accommodate new office construction in each of the MTSAs located across Peel Region. Therefore, the focus should be on accommodating office growth in the MTSAs that have the greatest market potential, while providing opportunities to accommodate office in all MTSAs over the long term.

The Capacity Analysis completed here was done a gross level across the Region of Peel for the purposes of prioritization and policy development. More detailed analysis at specific MTSAs will provide a more nuanced result that reflects local zoning, policies and/or market demand.

8.2.1/ DEVELOPMENT CAPACITY APPROACH

The following steps outline the general approach that was utilized to identify, at a high level, the capacity of each of MTSA to accommodate additional persons and jobs over the planning horizon.

Existing and Planned Density

To determine existing and planned densities within each of the 91 MTSAs, we relied on data from:

- 1. the 2016 Census of Canada reported by Small Geographic Unit (SGU),
- 2. building permits issued between January 2016 and mid-2020; and,
- 3. development application data provided by each of the local municipalities.

To determine the base year 2016 number of residents and jobs, we have relied on SGU data from the Census of Canada. The approach used to determine base year 2016 population and employment estimates is consistent with the methodology used as part of the Intensification Analysis Validation and Documentation, completed by the Consulting Team. To estimate the current and future planned number of persons and jobs within each MTSA, we have relied upon building permit and development application data. Both the building permit and development application data provided by the Region identified the number of residential units (by unit type) and non-residential gross floor area (GFA) by use. The residential units were converted to population based on person per unit (PPU) factors and non-residential GFA was converted into jobs based on the appropriate floor space per worker ratios. This analysis resulted in the existing and planned density within each of the MTSAs across Peel Region.

Vacant Lands

To determine the potential of each MTSA to accommodate growth, we have considered both vacant lands that could accommodate development as well as lands that could be redeveloped. The inventory of vacant lands within each MTSA is based on information provided by each of the local municipalities. As there are transformative developments planned in Peel Region to propose the redevelopment of commercial lands, our analysis has also considered the redevelopment of commercial lands within each MTSA. Commercial lands were identified based on the Official Plan land use schedules provided by each local municipality. The analysis has not assumed the redevelopment of industrial lands with higher-density employment uses. Although this could occur over planning horizon, as higher land prices and the need for last mile distribution facilities could result in the intensification of uses on industrial lands.

Although it is unlikely that all commercial lands within MTSAs will be redeveloped by 2051, it is reasonable to assume that a portion of these lands could accommodate additional residential units and non-residential GFA over the planning horizon. The inclusion of commercial lands in the development capacity analysis is an important consideration along corridors such as the Dundas BRT, where there are very few vacant sites, but significant potential for the redevelopment of existing commercial buildings.

MTSA Development Capacity

To determine the theoretical number of persons and jobs that could be accommodated within each MTSA, we have considered a variety of residential and non-residential built forms, which could be accommodated on vacant lands and commercial lands for redevelopment. The densities utilized in the development capacity analysis are summarized in Figure 29 along with demonstration images.

The residential built forms considered as part of this analysis include stacked townhomes, mid-rise apartments, and high-rise apartments. For non-residential built forms, we have considered commercial uses and mid-rise office uses. Within some MTSAs along non-priority corridors, there may also be potential for industrial development given the strong current market characteristics. That being said, along priority MTSAs, most of the development potential will likely be for commercial and mid-rise office buildings.

| | Stacked | Mid-Rise | High-Rise |
|---|------------|-----------------|------------------|
| | Townhomes | Apartments | Apartments |
| Building Height (Storeys) | 4 Storeys | 4 to 5 Storeys | 15 to 20 Storeys |
| Building Density (Units/Ha) | 120 | 150 | 400 |
| Persons Per Unit (PPU) | 2.54 | 2.11 | 2.11 |
| Persons Per Ha ¹ | 300 | 320 | 840 |
| _ | Commercial | Mid-Rise Office | |
| Building Height (Storeys) | 1 | 5 | |
| Coverage | 0.3 | 0.25 | |
| Building Density (Sq.m./Ha) | 3,000 | 12,500 | |
| Floor Space Per Worker (Sq.m./Employee) | 37 | 23 | |
| Jobs Per Ha ¹ | 80 | 540 | |

Figure 29. Built Form and Density Assumptions

¹ Rounded to nearest 10 persons or jobs.

To determine the additional development capacity, we have applied the built form density assumptions in Figure 2-1 to the amount of vacant land and commercial lands that could be redeveloped in each MTSA. We have considered a variety of scenarios to determine the minimum and maximum additional density that could be accommodated within each MTSA if all vacant lands were developed and all commercial lands were redeveloped. The actual density accommodated within each MTSA will likely fall somewhere between the minimum and maximum. The three scenarios that have been utilized in this Development Capacity Analysis are summarized below:

Scenario 1 Lowest Density Scenario

This is the lowest density scenario. It assumes all vacant residential lands are developed with stacked TH units and all vacant non-residential lands are developed with commercial uses. This scenario does not assume the redevelopment of commercial lands.



Scenario 2 Medium Density Scenario

This scenario assumes that all vacant residential lands are developed with mid-rise apartments and all vacant non-residential lands are developed with commercial uses. This scenario also assumes that all commercial lands are redeveloped with mid-rise apartments.



Scenario 3 High Density Scenario

This is the highest density scenario. It assumes that all vacant residential lands are developed with highrise apartments and all vacant non-residential lands are developed with mid-rise office uses. This scenario also assumes that all commercial lands are redeveloped with high-rise apartments.





8.2.2 / MTSA DEVELOPMENT CAPACITY

Based on these scenarios outlined in Section 8.1, the following figures summarize the minimum and maximum development capacities within each of the MTSAs with detailed tables included in Section 8.2.3. Each of the following figures identify:

- 1. The existing and planned density within each MTSA;
- The minimum density target based on A Place to Grow, which identifies a minimum density of 150
 residents and jobs per hectare for stations that are served by the GO Transit rail network and a
 minimum density of 160 residents and jobs per hectare for stations that are served by light rail transit
 and bus rapid transit; and,
- 3. The development capacity range, which is the minimum and maximum density that could be accommodated within each MTSA based on the three scenarios identified above.

Hurontario LRT

Figure 30 summarizes the development capacity in each MTSA along the Hurontario LRT. As shown, aside from Mineola, all MTSAs could meet or exceed the minimum density target. For Bristol station to meet the minimum density target, it would require the redevelopment of all commercial lands located within the MTSA. Therefore, Bristol station could also have difficulty achieving the minimum density target.

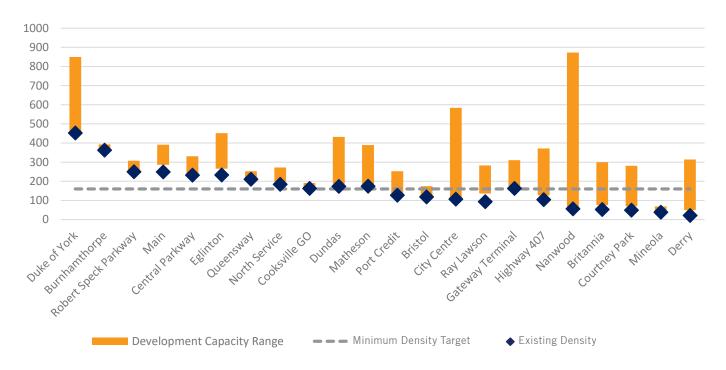


Figure 30. Hurontario LRT – Development Capacity (Persons and Jobs Per Hectare)

403 BRT

Along the 403 BRT, the majority of MTSAs could meet or exceed the target density based on our development capacity analysis. However, there are some MTSAs, such as Orbitor, Creditview and Cawthra, where meeting the density target will be more challenging.

Within the Orbitor MTSA, there is very little vacant land and commercial land. Therefore, meeting the minimum density target would likely require the redevelopment of existing office and industrial lands with higher-density forms of office development or the construction of office buildings on surface parking lots.

Cawthra is one of the smallest MTSA in terms of land area. To achieve the density target within this MTSA would require the redevelopment of the existing institutional lands located within the MTSA. Within the Creditview MTSA, most of the lands are currently built-out with medium and low-density residential uses. Therefore, achieving the minimum density target within this MTSA would require significant land assembly.

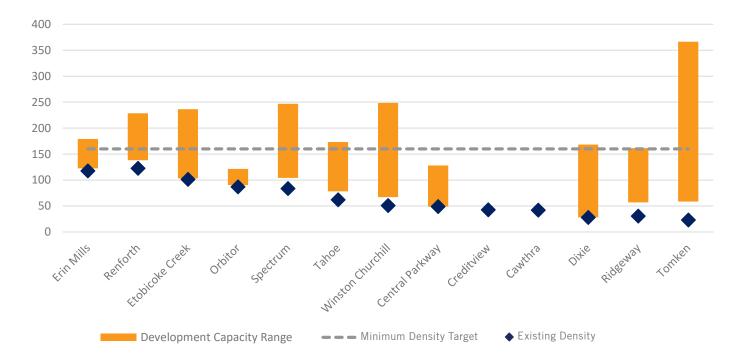


Figure 31. 403 BRT – Development Capacity (Persons and Jobs Per Hectare)

407 BRT

For MTSAs along the 407 BRT, it is important to note that only Britannia and Derry have delineated boundaries. The development capacity analysis demonstrates that it is possible for these two MTSAs to meet or exceed the minimum density target based on the development capacity analysis.

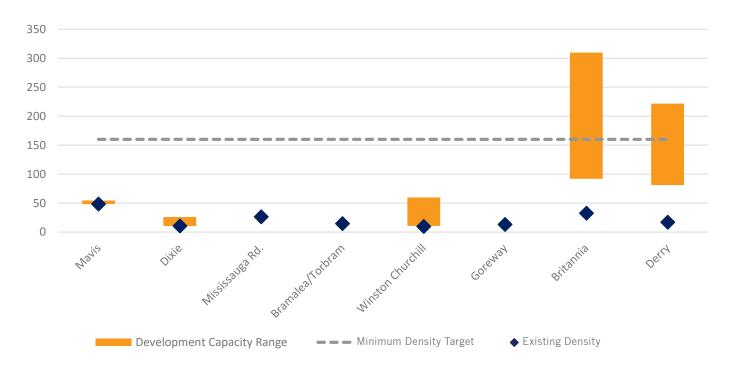


Figure 32. 407 BRT – Development Capacity (Persons and Jobs Per Hectare)

Dundas BRT

Figure 33 summarizes the development capacity of MTSAs along the Dundas BRT. As shown, the majority of MTSAs could meet or exceed the target density based on the amount of vacant and commercial lands within the MTSAs. The only MTSAs that may have difficulty meeting the target density include Clayhill, Credit Woodlands and UTM. The low density within the UTM MTSA is due to students not being included in the Census of Canada.

The Credit Woodlands MTSA is primarily comprised of low and medium-density residential lands. Therefore, for this MTSA to meet the minimum density target, it would require the assembly and redevelopment of these lands. Within the Clayhill MTSA, Brickyard Park, which comprises a sizable portion of the MTSA could make achieving the minimum density target challenging.

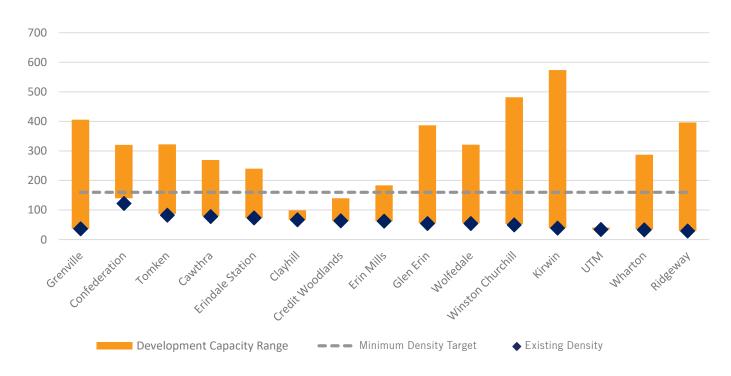


Figure 33. Dundas BRT – Development Capacity (Persons and Jobs Per Hectare)

Queen St BRT

The development capacity of MTSAs along the Queen Street BRT are summarized in Figure 34. As shown, all MTSAs, aside from Torbram, have the potential to meet or exceed the minimum density target. Meeting the minimum density target within the Torbram MTSA would require the redevelopment of single-storey industrial buildings with higher-density employment uses.

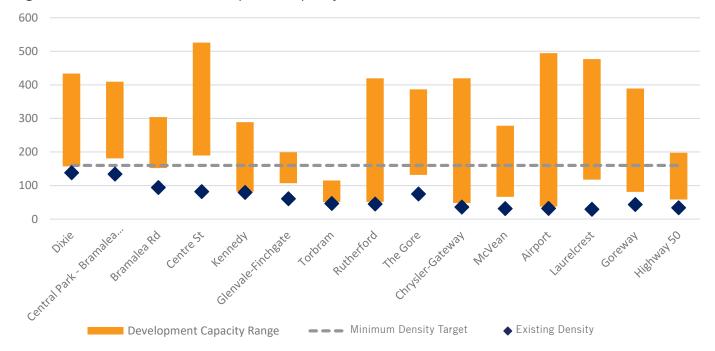


Figure 34. Queen St BRT – Development Capacity (Persons and Jobs Per Hectare)

Lakeshore BRT

There are only three MTSAs along the Lakeshore BRT. As shown in Figure 35, each of these MTSAs are expected to meet or exceed the minimum density target, due, in part to the Inspiration Lakeview development.

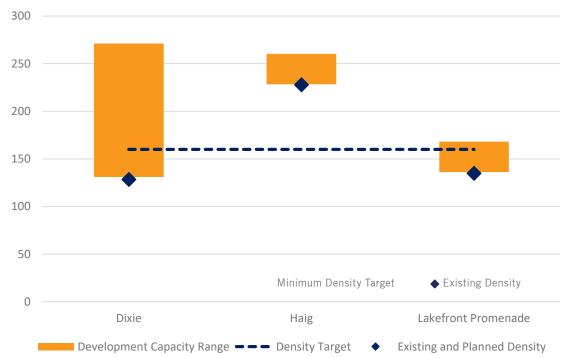


Figure 35. Lakeshore BRT – Development Capacity (Persons and Jobs Per Hectare)

GO Station and Transit Hub

Figure 36 summarizes the development capacity within GO Station MTSAs as well as the Trinity Commons Terminal, Mississauga Road and Mayfield West Transit Hubs. As shown, most GO Transit stations could meet or exceed the minimum density target of 150 persons and jobs per hectare. The exceptions include the future Bolton GO station and the Bramalea GO Station.

The low existing density within the Bolton GO MTSA is due to most lands within the MTSA being designated as Agricultural. If these Agricultural lands were developed with residential uses, the MTSA could exceed the minimum density target under all development scenarios considered (shown as the dashed lines in Figure 2-8). For the Bramalea GO MTSA to exceed the minimum density target, it would require the redevelopment of existing single-storey industrial buildings with higher-density employment uses or the re-designation of employment lands to accommodate residential uses.

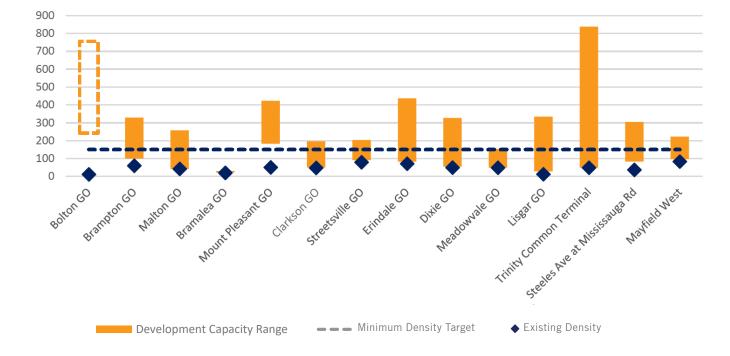


Figure 36. GO Station and Transit Hub – Development Capacity (Persons and Jobs Per Hectare)

8.2.1/ DEVELOPMENT CAPACITY DETAILED TABLES

| | | | | I | | | 1 | | | | | I | | | 1 | | 1 |
|----------------------|---|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | | | | Fristi | ng and Pla | anned Den | sitv ¹ | Vacant Lands | | Residents | | | Jobs | | Deve | opment Cap | acity |
| | | | | LAISU | | inneu Den | Sity | and Designated | Scenario 1 - | | Scenario 3 - | Scenario 1 - | | Scenario 3 - | | | |
| | | | Land Area | | | | | Commercial | Lowest | Medium | Highest | Lowest | Medium | Highest | Lowest | Medium | Highest |
| ID | MTSA | Corridor | (Ha) ¹ | Persons | Jobs | Total P+J | P+J/Ha | Lands (Ha) | Density | Density | Density | Density | Density | Density | Density | Density | Density |
| 403 - 1 | Ridgeway | 403 BRT | 127.0 | 1,233 | 2,617 | 3,850 | 30 | 28.0 | 2,770 | 2,870 | 5,540 | 4,440 | 4,440 | 14,950 | 57 | 58 | 161 |
| 403 - 2 | Winston Churchill | 403 BRT | 38.7 | 1,417 | 545 | 1,962 | 51 | 9.5 | 1,950 | 4,100 | 8,450 | 640 | 640 | 1,160 | 67 | 122 | 249 |
| 403 - 3 | Erin Mills | 403 BRT | 31.4 | 445 | 3,239 | 3,684 | 117 | 2.5 | 550 | 1,050 | 2,040 | 3,290 | 3,290 | 3,580 | 122 | 138 | |
| 403 - 4 | Creditview | 403 BRT | 51.3 | 2,048 | 128 | 2,176 | 42 | 0.0 | 2,050 | 2,050 | 2,050 | 130 | 130 | 130 | 42 | 42 | 42 |
| 403 - 6 | Central Parkway | 403 BRT | 34.9 | 1,557 | 138 | 1,695 | 49 | 3.3 | 1,560 | 2,610 | 4,330 | 140 | 140 | 140 60 | 49 | 79 | 128 42 |
| 403 - 7 403 - 8 | Cawthra Tomken | 403 BRT 403 BRT | 8.3 48.9 | 291 198 | 57 922 | 349 1,120 | 42 23 | 0.0 25.9 | 290 600 | 290 3,170 | 290 7,990 | 60 2,260 | 60 2,260 | 9,920 | 42 58 | 42 111 | 366 |
| 403 - 9 | Dixie | 403 BRT | 93.3 | 32 | 2,559 | 2,591 | 23 | 15.8 | 30 | 4,940 | 12,910 | 2,200 | 2,200 | 2,800 | 28 | 81 | |
| 403 - 14 | Renforth | 403 BRT | 40.5 | 0 | 4,960 | 4,960 | 123 | 7.9 | 0 | -, <i>J</i> -0 | 12,510 | 5,590 | 5,590 | 9,250 | 138 | 138 | |
| 403 - 13 | Orbitor | 403 BRT | 108.6 | 0 | 9,423 | 9,423 | 87 | 6.2 | 0 | 420 | 1,090 | 9,820 | 9,820 | 12,090 | 90 | 94 | 121 |
| 403 - 12 | Spectrum | 403 BRT | 91.6 | 0 | 7,655 | 7,655 | 84 | 26.1 | 0 | 890 | 2,340 | 9,520 | 9,520 | 20,260 | 104 | 114 | 247 |
| 403 - 10 | Tahoe | 403 BRT | 92.1 | 0 | 5,687 | 5,687 | 62 | 19.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7,210 | 7,210 | 15,960 | 78 | 78 | |
| 403 - 11 | Etobicoke Creek | 403 BRT | 71.6 | 0 | 7,236 | 7,236 | 101 | 12.2 | 0 | 3,320 | 8,720 | 7,380 | 7,380 | 8,200 | 103 | 150 | |
| 407 - 1 | Britannia | 407 BRT | 37.1 | 1,058 | 150 | 1,208 | 33 | 13.2 | 3,040 | 4,410 | 9,870 | 370 | 370 | 1,620 | 92 | 129 | 310 |
| 407 - 2 | Derry | 407 BRT | 55.9 | 887 | 53 | 941 | 17 | 14.2 | 4,340 | 4,890 | 11,390 | 190 | 190 | 990 | 81 | 91 | 222 |
| 407 - 3 | Winston Churchill | 407 BRT | 201.1 | 7 | 1,928 | 1,935 | 10 | 13.1 | 10 | 3,220 | 8,430 | 2,170 | 2,170 | 3,560 | 11 | 27 | 60 |
| 407 - 4 | Mississauga Rd. | 407 BRT | 201.1 | 459 | 4,832 | 5,291 | 26 | 0.0 | 460 | 460 | 460 | 4,830 | 4,830 | 4,830 | 26 | 26 | 26 |
| 407 - 5 | Mavis | 407 BRT | 201.1 | 9,007 | 672 | 9,679 | 48 | 1.5 | 9,010 | 9,490 | 10,270 | 670 | 670 | 670 | 48 | 51 | 54 |
| 407 - 7 | Dixie | 407 BRT | 201.1 | 1 | 2,090 | 2,090 | 10 | 3.7 | 0 | 1,190 | 3,110 | 2,090 | 2,090 | 2,090 | 10 | 16 | |
| 407 - 8 | Bramalea/Torbram | 407 BRT | 201.1 | 0 | 2,944 | 2,944 | 15 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,940 | 2,940 | 2,940 | 15 | 15 | 15 |
| 407 - 9 | Airport Rd. | 407 BRT | 201.1 | 0 | 2,652 | 2,652 | 13 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,650 | 2,650 | 2,650 | 13 | 13 | 13 |
| 407 - 10 | Goreway | 407 BRT | 201.1 | 4 | 2,599 | 2,603 | 13 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,600 | 2,600 | 2,600 | 13 | 13 | |
| DUN - 12 | | Dundas BRT | 6.7 | 155 | 104 | 259 | 38 | 4.3 | 160 | 1,530 | 3,770 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 38 | 242 | 574 |
| | Wharton | Dundas BRT | 150.3 | 505 | 4,386 | 4,891 | 33 | 46.2 | 570 | 14,770 | 37,950 | 4,510 | 4,510 | 5,240 | 34 | 128 | |
| DUN - 15 | | Dundas BRT | 38.2 | 2,266 | 882 | 3,148 | 82 | 11.2 | 2,370 | 5,620 | 11,060 | 940 | 940 | 1,260 | 87 | 171 | |
| DUN - 14 DUN - 13 | | Dundas BRT | 41.4 | 2,420 | 791 | 3,210 | 78 | 9.5 | 2,470 | 5,410 | 10,260 | 800 | 800 | 890 | 79 20 | 150 | |
| DUN - 13 DUN - 10 | | Dundas BRT Dundas BRT | 15.6 14.0 | 350 1,589 | 217 122 | 567 1,711 | 36 122 | 6.8 3.4 | 350 1,810 | 2,540 2,590 | 6,100 4,210 | 220 150 | 220 150 | 220 280 | 36 140 | 177 195 | 406 320 |
| DUN - 9 | Clayhill | Dundas BRT | 31.5 | 1,585 | 539 | 2,112 | 67 | 1.2 | 1,810 | 1,960 | 2,580 | 540 | 540 | 280 540 | 67 | 79 | 99 |
| DUN - 8 | Wolfedale | Dundas BRT | 73.2 | 2,143 | 1,799 | 3,943 | 54 | 23.6 | 2,220 | 9,390 | 2,380 | 1,880 | 1,880 | 2,330 | 56 | 154 | 321 |
| DUN - 7 | Erindale Station | Dundas BRT | 36.3 | 2,381 | 266 | 2,647 | 73 | 7.2 | 2,380 | 4,690 | 8,440 | 270 | 270 | 2,330 | 73 | 136 | |
| DUN - 5 | UTM | Dundas BRT | 97.1 | 880 | 2,424 | 3,304 | 34 | 0.8 | 880 | 1,120 | 1,520 | 2,420 | 2,420 | 2,420 | 34 | 37 | 41 |
| DUN - 4 | Erin Mills | Dundas BRT | 56.1 | 2,214 | 1,281 | 3,495 | 62 | 8.1 | 2,210 | 4,800 | 9,010 | 1,280 | 1,280 | 1,280 | 62 | 109 | 184 |
| DUN - 3 | Glen Erin | Dundas BRT | 60.7 | 383 | 2,916 | - | 54 | 24.1 | 390 | 8,020 | 20,440 | 2,930 | 2,930 | 3,030 | 55 | 180 | 387 |
| DUN - 2 | Winston Churchill | Dundas BRT | 49.8 | 325 | 2,144 | 2,468 | 50 | 25.9 | 390 | 8,370 | 21,430 | 2,210 | 2,210 | 2,580 | 52 | 212 | 482 |
| DUN - 1 | Ridgeway | Dundas BRT | 53.4 | 5 | 1,517 | 1,522 | 29 | 23.4 | 0 | 7,480 | 19,620 | 1,520 | 1,520 | 1,520 | 29 | 169 | 396 |
| DUN - 6 | Credit Woodlands | Dundas BRT | 23.0 | 1,284 | 174 | 1,458 | 63 | 2.1 | 1,280 | 1,960 | 3,050 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 63 | 92 | 140 |
| HUB - 1 | Bolton GO | Future GO Train | 56.9 | 565 | 83 | 647 | 11 | 56.9 | 12,200 | 12,970 | 33,140 | 1,530 | 1,530 | 9,850 | 241 | 255 | 756 |
| | Cooksville GO | Hurontario LRT | 64.8 | 8,519 | 2,019 | 10,538 | 163 | 2.3 | 8,650 | 9,160 | 10,190 | 2,040 | 2,040 | 2,160 | 165 | 173 | 191 |
| HLRT - 13 | | Hurontario LRT | 100.0 | 20,187 | 3,075 | 23,262 | 233 | 27.4 | 23,230 | 27,720 | 39,950 | 3,390 | 3,390 | 5,180 | 266 | 311 | |
| | Port Credit GO | Hurontario LRT | 80.7 | 7,460 | 2,786 | | 127 | 12.1 | 7,540 | 11,260 | 17,430 | 2,810 | 2,810 | 2,930 | 128 | 174 | |
| HLRT - 14 | | Hurontario LRT | 68.2 | 7,003 | 1,046 | | 118 | 4.7 | 7,050 | 8,410 | 10,710 | 1,070 | 1,070 | 1,200 | 119 | 139 | |
| | Burnhamthorpe (Matthews Gate) | Hurontario LRT | 58.7 | 15,640 | 5,645 | | 362 | 2.2 | 15,850 | 16,290 | 17,340 | 5,660 | 5,660 | 5,750 | 366 | 374 | |
| HLRT - 18 | - | Hurontario LRT | 72.6 | | 1,534 | 1,534 | 21 | 34.5 | 0 | 2,820 | 7,400 | 3,590 | 3,590 | 15,410 | 49 | 88 | |
| | Britannia | Hurontario LRT | 63.9 | | 3,337 | 3,337 | 52 | 25.4 | 0 | 2,230 | 5,860 | 4,810 | 4,810 | 13,310 | | 110 | |
| | Matheson Courtney Park | Hurontario LRT | 52.9 | 0 | 9,210 | 9,210 | 174 | 13.5 | 0 | 4,320 | 11,350 | 9,210 | 9,210 | 9,210 | 174 | 256 | |
| | , | Hurontario LRT | 115.2 | | 5,694 | 5,694 | 49 104 | 42.0 | 0 | 4,230 | 11,110 | 7,990 | 7,990 | 21,230 | 69 127 | 106 | |
| |) Highway 407 City Centre | Hurontario LRT Hurontario LRT | 18.7 37.8 | | 1,943 1,765 | 1,943 4,023 | 104 106 | 7.8 22.1 | 10 2,310 | 850 8,760 | 2,230 19,320 | 2,350 1,910 | 2,350 1,910 | 4,700 2,730 | 127 112 | 172 282 | |
| | Duke of York | Hurontario LRT | 37.8 65.6 | 2,257 22,641 | 7,027 | 4,023 29,668 | 452 | 32.6 | 2,310 | 31,680 | 46,360 | 7,380 | 7,380 | 2,730 9,390 | 462 | 595 | |
| | Queensway | Hurontario LRT | 71.9 | | 8,894 | 15,146 | 432 211 | 32.0 | 6,390 | 7,340 | 40,300 9,110 | 8,910 | 8,910 | 9,020 | 213 | 226 | |
| HLRT - 9 | | Hurontario LRT | 58.8 | | 2,362 | | 249 | 11.7 | 14,070 | 14,470 | 18,040 | | 2,750 | 4,980 | 215 | 293 | |
| HLRT - 2 | | Hurontario LRT | 33.5 | 1,018 | 2,302 | 1,285 | 38 | 1.6 | 1,140 | 1,200 | 1,500 | 350 | 350 | -,500 | 44 | 46 | |
| | Robert Speck | Hurontario LRT | 43.2 | | 9,172 | | 250 | | | 2,210 | 3,180 | | 9,320 | 10,140 | | 267 | 308 |
| | | | | ., | -, | ., | | 5.0 | _, | _,0 | 2,200 | -,-=0 | -,-=0 | , | | | |

| | | | | | | | | I | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------|-------------------|---------|------------|-----------|-------------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | | Existi | ng and Pla | nned Dens | sity ¹ | Vacant Lands | | Residents | | | Jobs | | Deve | opment Cap | oacity |
| | | | | | | | and Designated | Scenario 1 - | Scenario 2 - | Scenario 3 - | Scenario 1 - | Scenario 2 - | Scenario 3 | Scenario 1 - | Scenario 2 - | Scenario 3 - |
| | | Land Area | | | | | Commercial | Lowest | Medium | Highest | Lowest | Medium | Highest | Lowest | Medium | Highest |
| ID MTSA | Corridor | (Ha) ¹ | Persons | Jobs | Total P+J | P+J/Ha | Lands (Ha) | Density | Density | Density | Density | Density | Density | Density | Density | Density |
| HLRT - 7 Fairview (Central Parkway) | Hurontario LRT | 51.1 | 11,022 | 847 | 11,869 | 232 | 6.1 | 11,360 | 12,860 | 15,850 | 880 | 880 | 1,050 | 240 | 269 | 331 |
| HLRT - 5 Dundas | Hurontario LRT | 49.4 | 6,130 | 2,425 | 8,556 | 173 | 16.0 | 6,640 | 10,600 | 17,850 | 2,590 | 2,590 | 3,510 | 187 | 267 | 432 |
| HLRT - 3 North Service | Hurontario LRT | 32.0 | 4,506 | 1,381 | 5,887 | 184 | 3.5 | 4,920 | 5,480 | 7,050 | 1,420 | 1,420 | 1,630 | 198 | 216 | 272 |
| HLRT - 24 Nanwood | Hurontario LRT | 5.1 | 42 | 248 | 290 | 57 | 5.0 | 40 | 1,640 | 4,230 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 57 | 367 | 872 |
| HLRT - 22 Gateway Terminal | Hurontario LRT | 40.5 | 1,351 | 5,227 | 6,577 | 162 | 7.8 | 1,700 | 3,250 | 6,340 | 5,370 | 5,370 | 6,220 | 175 | 213 | 310 |
| HLRT - 20 Ray Lawson | Hurontario LRT | 43.2 | 1,772 | 2,264 | 4,035 | 93 | 13.1 | 2,860 | 2,930 | 4,810 | 3,020 | 3,020 | 7,390 | 136 | 138 | 282 |
| KIT - 1 Malton GO | Kitchener GO | 124.6 | 647 | 4,588 | 5,235 | 42 | 32.2 | 650 | 10,800 | 27,310 | 4,620 | 4,620 | 4,810 | 42 | 124 | 258 |
| KIT - 3 Brampton GO | Kitchener GO | 92.1 | 3,435 | 2,127 | 5,562 | 60 | 32.9 | 6,230 | 10,870 | 22,960 | 2,900 | 2,900 | 7,330 | 99 | 150 | 329 |
| KIT - 4 Mount Pleasant GO | Kitchener GO | 17.7 | 871 | 27 | 898 | 51 | 7.8 | 3,220 | 3,380 | 7,450 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 184 | 192 | 422 |
| KIT - 2 Bramalea GO | Kitchener GO | 113.4 | 89 | 2,192 | 2,282 | 20 | 2.2 | 100 | 100 | 120 | 2,360 | 2,360 | 3,340 | 22 | 22 | 31 |
| LBRT - 3 Lakefront Promenade | Lakeshore BRT | 48.6 | 5,131 | 1,425 | 6,556 | 135 | 2.2 | 5,140 | 5,610 | 6,390 | 1,480 | 1,480 | 1,790 | 136 | 146 | 168 |
| LBRT - 2 Haig | Lakeshore BRT | 63.7 | 11,923 | 2,591 | 14,514 | 228 | 2.6 | 11,930 | 12,650 | 13,830 | 2,610 | 2,610 | 2,750 | 228 | 240 | 260 |
| LBRT - 1 Dixie | Lakeshore BRT | 16.0 | 1,939 | 111 | 2,050 | 128 | 2.7 | 1,980 | 2,800 | 4,190 | 120 | 120 | 140 | 131 | 182 | 271 |
| LWGO - 2 Clarkson GO | Lakeshore GO | 82.6 | 3,087 | 896 | 3,982 | 48 | 14.7 | 3,180 | 7,670 | 15,110 | 930 | 930 | 1,120 | 50 | 104 | 196 |
| MIL - 1 Lisgar GO | Milton GO | 120.3 | 7 | 1,532 | 1,540 | 13 | 54.1 | 10 | 10,030 | 26,320 | 3,350 | 3,350 | 13,830 | 28 | 111 | 334 |
| MIL - 2 Meadowvale GO | Milton GO | 110.0 | 49 | 5,315 | 5,364 | 49 | 13.7 | 50 | 4,430 | 11,550 | 5,310 | 5,310 | 5,310 | 49 | 89 | 153 |
| MIL - 3 Streetsville GO | Milton GO | 72.5 | 4,224 | 1,566 | 5,790 | 80 | 11.5 | 4,800 | 7,120 | 11,830 | 1,760 | 1,760 | 2,910 | 91 | 123 | 203 |
| MIL - 4 Erindale GO | Milton GO | 41.8 | 474 | 2,485 | 2,958 | 71 | 20.1 | 530 | 5,210 | 12,900 | 2,910 | 2,910 | 5,330 | 82 | 194 | 436 |
| DUN - 16 Dixie GO | Milton GO | 189.5 | 3,538 | 5,880 | 9,418 | 50 | 65.5 | 3,940 | 21,920 | 51,790 | 6,520 | 6,520 | 10,210 | 55 | 150 | 327 |
| QUE - 1 Centre St. | Queen St. BRT | 45.3 | 1,966 | 1,754 | 3,720 | 82 | 28.8 | 5,740 | 6,800 | 14,660 | 2,850 | 2,850 | 9,170 | 190 | 213 | 526 |
| QUE - 2 Kennedy | Queen St. BRT | 79.7 | 4,308 | 2,055 | 6,363 | 80 | 20.0 | 4,450 | 10,530 | 20,650 | 2,100 | 2,100 | 2,370 | 82 | 159 | 289 |
| QUE - 3 Rutherford | Queen St. BRT | 72.4 | 1,142 | 2,120 | 3,262 | 45 | 33.1 | 1,410 | 11,010 | 27,030 | 2,300 | 2,300 | 3,350 | 51 | 184 | 420 |
| QUE - 4 Laurelcrest | Queen St. BRT | 54.6 | 928 | 670 | 1,598 | 29 | 33.5 | 4,780 | 7,710 | 18,730 | 1,650 | 1,650 | 7,290 | 118 | 172 | 477 |
| QUE - 5 Dixie | Queen St. BRT | 104.5 | 8,816 | 5,666 | 14,482 | 139 | 38.4 | 10,360 | 19,620 | 37,170 | 6,040 | 6,040 | 8,170 | 157 | 245 | 434 |
| QUE - 6 Central Park (Bramalea Terminal) | Queen St. BRT | 72.0 | 6,530 | 3,136 | 9,665 | 134 | 27.5 | 9,030 | 11,860 | 20,510 | 4,000 | 4,000 | 8,970 | 181 | 220 | 410 |
| QUE - 7 Bramalea | Queen St. BRT | 79.0 | 6,740 | 695 | 7,435 | 94 | 21.2 | 10,980 | 12,210 | 21,110 | 1,020 | 1,020 | 2,920 | 152 | 168 | 304 |
| QUE - 8 Glenvale-Finchgate | Queen St. BRT | 67.6 | 3,862 | 260 | 4,122 | 61 | 11.9 | 6,790 | 6,980 | 12,050 | 430 | 430 | 1,420 | 107 | 110 | 199 |
| QUE - 9 Torbram | Queen St. BRT | 77.7 | 1,886 | 1,721 | 3,607 | 46 | 7.0 | 2,120 | 3,520 | 6,170 | 1,880 | 1,880 | 2,770 | 51 | 69 | 115 |
| QUE - 10 Chrysler-Gateway | Queen St. BRT | 45.9 | 4 | 1,656 | 1,660 | 36 | 23.4 | 0 | 5,290 | 13,880 | 2,210 | 2,210 | 5,380 | 48 | 163 | 420 |
| QUE - 11 Airport | Queen St. BRT | 72.3 | 5 | 2,287 | 2,292 | 32 | 41.7 | 10 | 11,700 | 30,700 | 2,700 | 2,700 | 5,050 | 37 | 199 | 495 |
| QUE - 12 Goreway | Queen St. BRT | 66.9 | 1,323 | 1,591 | 2,914 | 44 | 36.4 | 1,860 | 5,070 | 11,150 | 3,560 | 3,560 | 14,900 | 81 | 129 | 389 |
| QUE - 13 McVean | Queen St. BRT | 27.2 | 781 | 72 | 853 | 31 | 9.5 | 1,390 | 2,470 | 5,220 | 410 | 410 | 2,330 | 66 | 106 | 278 |
| QUE - 14 The Gore | Queen St. BRT | 66.8 | 3,926 | 1,073 | 4,998 | 75 | 29.9 | 6,590 | 8,920 | 17,030 | 2,220 | 2,220 | 8,790 | 132 | 167 | 387 |
| QUE - 15 Highway 50 | Queen St. BRT | 12.1 | 3 | 409 | 413 | 34 | 3.7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 700 | 700 | 2,390 | 58 | 58 | 198 |
| HUB - 2 Mayfield West | Transit Hub | 71.2 | 5,774 | 161 | 5,935 | 83 | 12.5 | 6,530 | 9,150 | 14,630 | 320 | 320 | 1,200 | 96 | 133 | 222 |
| HUB - 4 Trinity Common Terminal | Transit Hub | 34.2 | 1,193 | 487 | 1,680 | 49 | 32.1 | | 11,460 | 28,150 | 490 | 490 | 490 | 49 | 349 | 838 |
| HUB - 3 Steeles at Mississauga | Transit Hub | 53.2 | | 761 | 1,949 | 37 | 25.3 | | 1,860 | 2,950 | 2,610 | 2,610 | 13,280 | 83 | 84 | 305 |

¹ Based on March 2020 MTSA delineated boundaries. Changes between the March 2020 and November 2020 MTSA delineations are summaries on the following pages.

SOURCE: urbanMetrics inc.

The Development Capacity Analysis is based on delineated MTSA boundaries from March 2020. Since the analysis was completed, the boundaries for 19 of the MTSAs have been adjusted for various reasons. The following summarizes the changes to these boundaries and the potential implications on the Development Capacity Analysis.

Hurontario LRT

Gateway Terminal (HLRT-22)

The land area of the Gateway Terminal MTSA has been increased by approximately 14 hectares. The changes are expected to increase the development capacity of the MTSA, as the new delineated boundary includes existing high-density apartment buildings located north of Steeles Avenue West and vacant lands west of Lancashire Lane.

Queensway (HLRT-4)

The boundary of the Queensway MTSA has been adjusted to match the UGC boundary. This adjustment resulted in the land area of the MTSA increasing by approximately 3 hectares. The lands added to the MTSA generally include open space and right-of-way. While the addition of these lands is expected to reduce the density that can be achieved in the MTSA, the impact will be only modest due to the small land area being added.

Cooksville GO (HLRT-6), Fairview/Central Parkway (HLRT-7), Burnhamthorpe (HLRT-8)

The boundaries of these three MTSAs have been realigned to match the existing boundaries of the Mississauga Downtown Node. In aggregate, the land area across the three MTSAs has only decreased by approximately 3 hectares.

The boundary for the Cooksville GO MTSA has been reduced by approximately 22 hectares. The lands removed from the MTSA were shifted to the Fairview/Central Parkway MTSA. These lands generally accommodate low and medium-density uses. The removal of these lands is likely to increase the density that can be achieved in the MTSA.

The boundary for the Fairview/Central Parkway MTSA has been expanded to include approximately 48 hectares of land. The additional lands at the south of the MTSA are generally low and medium-density uses. However, lands added at the north of the MTSA are higher-density residential uses. Therefore, there is unlikely to be an impact on the density that can be achieved in the MTSA.

The boundary for the Burnhamthorpe MTSA has been reduced by approximately 29 hectares, as existing high-density residential uses have been shifted to the Fairview/Central Parkway MTSA. That being said, the remaining lands in the MTSA include high-density residential and non-residential uses. Therefore, there is not expected to be an impact on the density that can be achieved in the MTSA.

Eglinton (HLRT-13), Bristol (HLRT-14)

The land area of the Eglinton MTSA has been reduced by approximately 14 hectares to match the existing Uptown Node boundary. Land removed from the eastern part of the MTSA generally include institutional and medium-density residential uses. The medium and high-density lands removed from the northern portion of the MTSA have been shifted to the Bristol MTSA. The changes are unlikely to impact the

density that can be achieved in the Eglinton MTSA, as it is already meeting the density target based on existing and proposed development activity.

The boundary for the Bristol MTSA has been expanded to include approximately 9 hectares. The lands added from the Eglinton MTSA are generally medium and high-density residential uses. Therefore, it is unlikely to impact the density that can be achieved in the MTSA.

Mineola (HLRT-2)

The boundary for the Mineola MTSA has been expanded by 9 hectares to include institutional uses at the north end of the MTSA. This MTSA has already been assigned an alternative density target due to the limited opportunities for additional development.

North Service (HLRT-3)

The land area of the North Service MTSA has been reduced by 5 hectares to match the UGC boundary. Land removed from the MTSA include an existing low-density institutional use. Therefore, the removal of these lands is expected to increase the density that can be achieved in the MTSA.

Lakeshore BRT

The delineated boundaries of the three MTSAs along the Lakeshore BRT have changed to match the boundaries of the Inspiration Lakeview Master Plan. The land area of the Dixie MTSA (LBRT-1) as been increased by approximately 2 hectares to include a commercial plaza and hydro corridor north of Lakeshore Boulevard. This change is unlikely to affect the density that can be achieved in the MTSA. The land area of the Haig MTSA (LBRT-2) has been increased by 42 hectares to match the boundary of the Inspiration Lakeview Master Plan. The addition of these lands is expected to increase the development capacity and density that can be achieved in the MTSA. The land area of the Lakefront Promenade MTSA (LBRT-3) has been reduced by approximately 39 hectares. The remaining lands within the MTSA are generally commercial plazas north of Lakeshore Boulevard.

Dundas BRT

Credit Woodlands (DUN-6)

The land area of the Credit Woodland MTSA has been increased by one-hectare to include the Erindale United Church. While the addition of the church to the MTSA is expected to reduce the density that can be achieved, the impact will be only modest, as the site is only one-hectare.

Grenville (DUN-13)

The land area of the Grenville MTSA has been increased by approximately 4 hectares to match the Dundas Connects Master Plan. The additional lands are comprised of low-density industrial uses. Therefore, the forecast density of the MTSA could increase if these lands are redeveloped with higher-density non-residential uses.

403 BRT

Ridgeway (403-1)

The land area of the Ridgeway MTSA has been reduced by 32 hectares. The lands removed from the MTSA are generally undevelopable and within the Highway 403 right-of-way. The removal of these undevelopable lands is expected to increase the density that can be achieved in the MTSA.

Winston Churchill (403-2)

The lands area of the Winston Churchill MTSA has been reduced by approximately 6 hectares to remove undevelopable and within the Highway 403 right-of-way. The removal of these undevelopable lands is expected to increase the density that can be achieved in the MTSA.

Dixie (403-9)

The land area of the Dixie MTSA has been reduced by approximately 18 hectares to remove undevelopable land within the Highway 403 right-of-way. The removal of these undevelopable lands is expected to increase the density that can be achieved in the MTSA.

407 BRT

Britannia (407-1)

The land area of the Britannia MTSA has been increased by approximately 7 hectares to include lands south of Britannia Road West. These lands are currently undeveloped and will increase the development capacity within the MTSA.

Kitchener GO

Mount Pleasant GO (KIT-4)

The land area of the Mount Pleasant GO MTSA was expanded by approximately 25 hectares to include lands north of the rail line that are currently developed with medium-density residential uses, as well as vacant lands south of the rail line and west of Creditview Road. The additional lands will likely increase both the density and development potential that can be achieved within the MTSA.

Summary of Observations

The development capacity analysis demonstrates that MTSAs across Peel Region are not created equally and may require a specific policy and built form response to address these nuances. It is important to reiterate that while the development capacity analysis looks at the number of persons and jobs that could be accommodated in each MTSA based on various built forms, it does not consider market potential for these forms of development.

An examination of the development capacity across the transit corridors within Peel Region paints a geographic picture of where future development would be concentrated. Almost all of the MTSAs along Hurontario LRT corridor already meet, or have potential to meet the planned density target especially concentrated around Square One. Along the 403 BRT, the majority of MTSAs could meet or exceed the target density based on our development capacity analysis. However, there are some MTSAs, such as Orbitor, Creditview and Cawthra, where meeting the density target will be more challenging. For MTSAs along the 407 BRT, there is limited development capacity to achieve the density targets. Furthermore, it is important to note that only Britannia and Derry have delineated boundaries along the 407 corridor. MTSAs along the Dundas BRT could meet or exceed the target density based on the amount of vacant and commercial lands within the MTSAs.

While most of the potential MTSAs can meet the current density targets, some are projected below 300 residents and jobs per hectare. Should the density target be raised in the future, these MTSAs could still meet these targets by adjusting the building type and density in the future. For example, the capacity analysis assumed the "High Density Scenario" consisted of 15-20 storey buildings, however, there is existing market demand for taller buildings in many MTSAs. Specific targets will be revisited and potentially updated as part of upcoming Official Plan reviews.

Impact on Classification

There is general alignment between the development capacity analysis and the prioritization in Phase 1B. Hurontario, Dundas and Queen corridors together with the GO stations generally demonstrate the ability to meet the density target and correspond to the classification. Similarly, the 407 corridor does not exhibit the ability to meet density targets and has been classified as a planned MTSA, except in the Ninth Line lands. This information is summarised in Table 1. Section 7.1. Through the examination of the strategic and policy prioritization and the actual development capacity, the MTSAs are grouped into three general categories:

Meets Density Target

MTSAs that currently meet the density target, or are planned to meet the density target in all low, medium and high density scenarios. The low density scenario assumes all vacant residential lands are developed with stacked townhouse units and all vacant non-residential lands are developed with commercial uses and does not assume the redevelopment of commercial lands.

Potential to Meet Density Target

MTSAs that currently do not meet the density target, but have potential to meet the density target in the medium or high density scenarios. The medium density scenario assumes that all vacant residential lands are developed with mid-rise apartments and all vacant non-residential lands are developed with commercial uses. The medium density scenario also assumes that all commercial lands are redeveloped with mid-rise apartments.

Will Not Meet 2051 Density Target

MTSAs that currently do not meet the density target and have limited potential to meet the planned density target in the low, medium and highest density scenarios within the 2051 planning horizon.

8.3 / INFRASTRUCTURE CAPACITY ANALYSIS

Water, wastewater and stormwater servicing capacity was investigated in the Primary and Secondary MTSAs, from which detailed conclusions are outlined in Table 1 of Section 12.

This analysis included a review of information generated for each MTSA in the Phase 1A report as well as a review of the Peel Region's 2020 Water and Wastewater Master Plan and water, wastewater and stormwater system information provided in GIS form by the Region. More specifically:

- Density targets were reviewed for each MTSA and for those MTSAs where Growth Plan minimum density targets are currently met, it was assumed that the existing water, wastewater and stormwater systems are sufficient to provide servicing to these MTSAs. Where density targets are currently met, no further review was completed.
- For all remaining MTSAs, future water demand and future wastewater volumes were calculated and compared against current water demand and wastewater volumes. Future water demand and future wastewater generation were calculated using the Region's current design allowances and standards. For wastewater, it was assumed that there would be no change in the infiltration volume as development of the MTSA would not increase service area. Water and wastewater generation rates were obtained from the Region's 2020 Water and Wastewater Master Plan.
- For the primary and secondary MTSAs, a review of the Region's Water and Wastewater Master Plan and available GIS information was completed to identify current servicing.

The specific methodology completed is described below:

- For stormwater management, a review of the location of existing stormwater management facilities was completed. Primary and Secondary MTSAs that are located within the tributary area of a stormwater management facility were noted. For stormwater management, it is assumed that any new development would be required to provide on-site stormwater management measures including, but not necessarily limited to, quality control, quantity control, and water balance. Consequently, existing storm sewer capacities would not be exceeded based on the on-site quantity control. Where MTSAs discharge to an existing stormwater management facility, further review of the design basis of each stormwater management facility would need to be completed to assess specific needs.
- For the wastewater system, a review of the location of existing wastewater mains was completed. Where existing wastewatermains are present, the need for capacity analysis to support MTSA development was identified. It was anticipated that the results of a capacity assessment may identify the need for specific sewer improvements. Where existing wastewatermains are not present, installation of new wastewatermains and associated high cost were identified.
- For the water system, a review of the location of existing watermains was completed. Where existing watermains are present, the need for capacity analysis to support MTSA development was identified. It was anticipated that the results of a capacity assessment may identify the need for specific watermain improvements. Where existing watermains are not present, installation of new watermains and associated high cost was identified.

Costs were assigned as high, medium and low.

- Low: Where MTSAs currently meet density targets and where MTSAs are currently serviced by existing water and wastewater systems, costs were assessed as low.
- **Medium:** Where MTSAs did not meet density targets and existing water and wastewater systems are present, costs were assessed as medium.
- **High:** Where MTSAs did not meet density targets and full water, wastewater or stormwater servicing is not present, costs were assessed as high.

| MTSA | CLASSIFICATION | WATER | WASTEWATER | STORMWATER | SERVICING Costs |
|------------------------------|----------------|---|--|--|--------------------|
| HLRT - 1 Port Credit | Primary | Additional average day water demand of 1,136 m3/d will be required for preliminary boundary area. Area serviced by existing watermains. Analysis required to identify any upgrade needs | Additional average day wastewater generation of 1,238 m3/d is predicted for preliminary boundary area. Area serviced by existing wastewatermains. Analysis required to identify any upgrade needs. | On-site stormwater management controls will be needed. Area is not tributary to an existing downstream stormwater management facility. | Medium |
| HLRT - 2 Mineola | Secondary | Additional average day water demand of 1,169 m3/d will be required for preliminary boundary area. | Additional average day wastewater generation of 1,274 m3/d is predicted for preliminary boundary area. | On-site stormwater management controls will be needed. Area is not tributary to an existing downstream stormwater management facility. | Medium |
| HLRT - 3 North Service | Primary | No additional average day water demand above existing demand is anticipated. Area serviced by existing watermains. Need for specific upgrades anticipated to be minimal. | No additional average day wastewater generation of is anticipated. Area serviced by existing wastewatermains. Need for specific upgrades anticipated to be minimal. | On-site stormwater management controls will be needed. Area is not tributary to an existing downstream stormwater management facility. Stormwater from this area bypasses an existing facility. | Low |

Table 2 presents the results of the Infrastructure for all Primary and Secondary MTSAs.

| MTSA | CLASSIFICATION | WATER | WASTEWATER | STORMWATER | SERVICING Costs |
|--|----------------|--|---|--|--------------------|
| HLRT - 4 Queensway | Primary | No additional average day water demand above existing demand is anticipated. Area serviced by existing watermains. Need for specific upgrades anticipated to be minimal. | No additional average day wastewater generation of is anticipated. Area serviced by existing wastewatermains. Need for specific upgrades anticipated to be minimal. | On-site stormwater management controls will be needed. Area is not tributary to an existing downstream stormwater management facility. | Low |
| HLRT - 5 Dundas | Primary | No additional average day water demand above existing demand is anticipated. Area serviced by existing watermains. Need for specific upgrades anticipated to be minimal. | No additional average day wastewater generation of is anticipated. Area serviced by existing wastewatermains. Need for specific upgrades anticipated to be minimal. | On-site stormwater management controls will be needed. Area is not tributary to an existing downstream stormwater management facility. | Low |
| HLRT - 6 Cooksville GO | Primary | Additional average day water demand of 335 m3/d will be required for preliminary boundary area. Area serviced by existing watermains. Analysis required to identify any upgrade needs. | Additional average day wastewater generation of 366 m3/d is predicted for preliminary boundary area. Area serviced by existing wastewatermains Analysis required to identify any upgrade needs. | On-site stormwater management controls will be needed. Area is not tributary to an existing downstream stormwater management facility. | Medium |
| HLRT - 7 Fairview (Central Parkway) | Primary | No additional average day water demand above existing demand is anticipated. Area serviced by existing watermains. Need for specific upgrades anticipated to be minimal. | No additional average day wastewater generation of is anticipated. Area serviced by existing wastewatermains. Need for specific upgrades anticipated to be minimal. | On-site stormwater management controls will be needed. Area is not tributary to an existing downstream stormwater management facility. | Low |

| MTSA | CLASSIFICATION | WATER | WASTEWATER | STORMWATER | SERVICING COSTS |
|--|----------------|--|--|--|--------------------|
| HLRT - 8 Burnham- thrope (Matthews Gate) | Primary | No additional average day water demand above existing demand is anticipated. Area serviced by existing watermains. Need for specific upgrades anticipated to be minimal. | No additional average day wastewater generation of is anticipated. Area serviced by existing wastewatermains. Need for specific upgrades anticipated to be minimal. | On-site stormwater management controls will be needed. Area is not tributary to an existing downstream stormwater management facility. | Low |
| HLRT - 11 City Centre | Primary | Additional average day water demand of 2,087 m3/d will be required for preliminary boundary area. Area serviced by existing watermains. Analysis required to identify any upgrade needs. | Additional average day wastewater generation of 2,217 m3/d is predicted for preliminary boundary area. Area serviced by existing wastewatermains. Analysis required to identify any upgrade needs. | On-site stormwater management controls will be needed. Area is not tributary to an existing downstream stormwater management facility. | Medium |
| HLRT - 12 Robert Speck | Primary | No additional average day water demand above existing demand is anticipated. Area serviced by existing watermains. Need for specific upgrades anticipated to be minimal. | No additional average day wastewater generation of is anticipated. Area serviced by existing wastewatermains. Need for specific upgrades anticipated to be minimal. | On-site stormwater management controls will be needed. Area is not tributary to an existing downstream stormwater management facility. | Low |
| HLRT - 13 Eglinton | Primary | Additional average day water demand of 469 m3/d will be required for preliminary boundary area. Area serviced by existing watermains. Analysis required to identify any upgrade needs. | Additional average day wastewater generation of 512 m3/d is predicted for preliminary boundary area. Area serviced by existing wastewatermains. Analysis required to identify any upgrade needs. | On-site stormwater management controls will be needed. Area is not tributary to an existing downstream stormwater management facility. | Medium |

| MTSA | CLASSIFICATION | WATER | WASTEWATER | STORMWATER | SERVICING COSTS |
|------------------------|----------------|--|--|--|--------------------|
| HLRT - 14 Bristol | Primary | Additional average day water demand of 1,009 m3/d will be required for preliminary boundary area. Area partially serviced by existing watermains. Analysis required to identify any upgrade needs and new watermain requirements. | Additional average day wastewater generation of 1,102 m3/d is predicted for preliminary boundary area. Area partially serviced by existing wastewatermains. Analysis required to identify any upgrade needs and new wastewatermain requirements. | On-site stormwater management controls will be needed. Area is not tributary to an existing downstream stormwater management facility. | High |
| HLRT - 15 Matheson | Primary | No additional average day water demand above existing demand is anticipated. Area serviced by existing watermains. Need for specific upgrades anticipated to be minimal. | No additional average day wastewater generation of is anticipated. Area serviced by existing wastewatermains. Need for specific upgrades anticipated to be minimal. | On-site stormwater management controls will be needed. Area is not tributary to an existing downstream stormwater management facility. | Low |
| HLRT - 16 Britannia | Primary | Additional average day water demand of 1,883 m3/d will be required for preliminary boundary area. Area serviced by existing watermains. Analysis required to identify any upgrade needs. | Additional average day wastewater generation of 1,980 m3/d is predicted for preliminary boundary area. Area serviced by existing wastewatermains. Analysis required to identify any upgrade needs. | On-site stormwater management controls will be needed. Area is not tributary to an existing downstream stormwater management facility. | Medium |

| MTSA | CLASSIFICATION | WATER | WASTEWATER | STORMWATER | SERVICING Costs |
|-------------------------------|----------------|---|--|--|--------------------|
| HLRT - 17 Courtney Park | Primary | Additional average day water demand of 3,700 m3/d will be required for preliminary boundary area. Area partially serviced by existing watermains. Area serviced by existing watermains. Analysis required to identify any upgrade needs. | Additional average day wastewater generation of 3,996 m3/d is predicted for preliminary boundary area. Area partially serviced by existing wastewatermains. Analysis required to identify any upgrade needs. | On-site stormwater management controls may, in part, be satisfied by an existing stormwater management facility located at east end of Marcove Road | Medium |
| HLRT - 18 Derry | Primary | Additional average day water demand of 1,883 m3/d will be required for preliminary boundary area. Area serviced by existing watermains. Analysis required to identify any upgrade needs | Additional average day wastewater generation of 1,980 m3/d is predicted for preliminary boundary area. Area partially serviced by existing wastewatermains. Analysis required to identify any upgrade needs. | On-site stormwater management controls will be needed. Area is not tributary to an existing downstream stormwater management facility. | Medium |
| HLRT - 19 Highway 407 | Primary | Additional average day water demand of 548 m3/d will be required for preliminary boundary area. Area serviced by existing watermains. Analysis required to identify any upgrade needs | Additional average day wastewater generation of 593 m3/d is predicted for preliminary boundary area. Area serviced by existing wastewatermains. Analysis required to identify any upgrade needs. | On-site stormwater management controls will be needed. Area is not tributary to an existing downstream stormwater management facility. | Medium |
| HLRT - 20 Ray Lawson | Primary | Additional average day water demand of 742 m3/d will be required for preliminary boundary area. Area serviced by existing watermains. Analysis required to identify any upgrade needs. | Additional average day wastewater generation of 807 m3/d is predicted for preliminary boundary area. Area serviced by existing wastewatermains. Analysis required to identify any upgrade needs. | On-site stormwater management controls will be needed. Area is not tributary to an existing downstream stormwater management facility. | Medium |

| MTSA | CLASSIFICATION | WATER | WASTEWATER | STORMWATER | SERVICING Costs |
|----------------------------------|----------------|--|--|--|--------------------|
| HLRT - 22 Gateway Terminal | Primary | Additional average day water demand of 909 m3/d will be required for preliminary boundary area. Area serviced by existing watermains. Analysis required to identify any upgrade needs. | Additional average day wastewater generation of 996 m3/d is predicted for preliminary boundary area. Area serviced by existing wastewatermains. Analysis required to identify any upgrade needs. | On-site stormwater management controls will be needed. Area is not tributary to an existing downstream stormwater management facility. | Medium |
| KIT - 1 Malton GO | Secondary | Additional average day water demand of 3,427 m3/d will be required for preliminary boundary area. | Additional average day wastewater generation of 3,708 m3/d is predicted for preliminary boundary area. | On-site stormwater management controls will be needed. Area is not tributary to an existing downstream stormwater management facility. | Medium |
| KIT - 2 Bramalea GO | Primary | Additional average day water demand of 3,856 m3/d will be required for preliminary boundary area. Area serviced by existing watermains. Analysis required to identify any upgrade needs. | Additional average day wastewater generation of 4,168 m3/d is predicted for preliminary boundary area. Area serviced by existing wastewatermains. Analysis required to identify any upgrade needs. | On-site stormwater management controls will be needed. Area may discharge to an existing facility located southwest of Bramalea Road and Steeles Avenue | Medium |
| KIT - 3 Brampton GO | Primary | Additional average day water demand of 2,148 m3/d will be required for preliminary boundary area. Area serviced by existing watermains. Analysis required to identify any upgrade needs. | Additional average day wastewater generation of 2,339 m3/d is predicted for preliminary boundary area. Area serviced by existing wastewatermains. Analysis required to identify any upgrade needs. | On-site stormwater management controls will be needed. Area is not tributary to an existing downstream stormwater management facility. | Medium |

| MTSA | CLASSIFICATION | WATER | WASTEWATER | STORMWATER | SERVICING COSTS |
|------------------------------------|----------------|---|--|--|--------------------|
| KIT - 4 Mount Pleasant GO | Primary | Additional average day water demand of 679 m3/d will be required for preliminary boundary area. Area serviced by existing watermains. Analysis required to identify any upgrade needs. | Additional average day wastewater generation of 735 m3/d is predicted for preliminary boundary area. Area serviced by existing wastewatermains. Analysis required to identify any upgrade needs. | On-site stormwater management controls may, in part, be satisfied by an existing stormwater management facility located at the southeast corner of James Potter Road and Alister Drive. Analysis required to identify upgrade needs. | Low |
| LWGO - 2 Clarkson GO | Primary | Additional average day water demand of 2,381 m3/d will be required for preliminary boundary area. Area serviced by existing watermains. Analysis required to identify any upgrade needs | Additional average day wastewater generation of 2,597 m3/d is predicted for preliminary boundary area. Area serviced by existing wastewatermains. Analysis required to identify any upgrade needs. | On-site stormwater management controls will be needed. Area is not tributary to an existing downstream stormwater management facility. | Medium |
| 403 - 2 Winston Churchill | Secondary | Additional average day water demand of 1,121 m3/d will be required for preliminary boundary area. | Additional average day wastewater generation of 1,222 m3/d is predicted for preliminary boundary area. | On-site stormwater management controls will be needed. Area discharges to an existing facility located at the corner of Winston Churchill Road and Credit Valley Drive | Medium |
| 403 - 3 Erin Mills | Primary | Additional average day water demand of 726 m3/d will be required for preliminary boundary area. Area serviced by existing watermains. Analysis required to identify any upgrade needs | Additional average day wastewater generation of 786 m3/d is predicted for preliminary boundary area. Area serviced by existing wastewatermains. Analysis required to identify any upgrade needs. | On-site stormwater management controls will be needed. Area is not tributary to an existing downstream stormwater management facility. | Medium |

| MTSA | CLASSIFICATION | WATER | WASTEWATER | STORMWATER | SERVICING Costs |
|-------------------------------|----------------|--|---|---|--------------------|
| 403 - 4 Creditview | Secondary | Additional average day water demand of 1,580 m3/d will be required for preliminary boundary area. | Additional average day wastewater generation of 1,729 m3/d is predicted for preliminary boundary area. | On-site stormwater management controls will be needed. Area is not tributary to an existing downstream stormwater management facility. | Medium |
| 403 - 6 Central Parkway | Secondary | Additional average day water demand of 1,030 m3/d will be required for preliminary boundary area. | Additional average day wastewater generation of 1,126 m3/d is predicted for preliminary boundary area. | On-site stormwater management controls may, in part, be satisfied by an existing stormwater management facility located northeast of Mississauga Transitway and Central Parkway East. | Medium |
| 403 - 7 Cawthra | Secondary | Additional average day water demand of 245 m3/d will be required for preliminary boundary area. | Additional average day wastewater generation of 267 m3/d is predicted for preliminary boundary area. | On-site stormwater management controls will be needed. Area is not tributary to an existing downstream stormwater management facility. | Medium |
| 403 - 8 Tomken | Primary | Additional average day water demand of 1,837 m3/d will be required for preliminary boundary area. | Additional average day wastewater generation of 1,992 m3/d is predicted for preliminary boundary area. | On-site stormwater management controls will be needed. Area is not tributary to an existing downstream stormwater management facility. | Medium |
| 403 - 9 Dixie | Secondary | Additional average day water demand of 3,085 m3/d will be required for preliminary boundary area. | Additional average day wastewater generation of 3,331 m3/d is predicted for preliminary boundary area. | On-site stormwater management controls will be needed. Area is not tributary to an existing downstream stormwater management facility. | Medium |
| 403 - 10 Tahoe | Primary | Additional average day water demand of 2,558 m3/d will be required for preliminary boundary area. | Additional average day wastewater generation of 2,439 m3/d is predicted for preliminary boundary area. | On-site stormwater management controls will be needed. Area is not tributary to an existing downstream stormwater management facility. | Medium |

| MTSA | CLASSIFICATION | WATER | WASTEWATER | STORMWATER | SERVICING COSTS |
|--------------------------------|----------------|--|---|--|--------------------|
| 403 - 11 Etobicoke Creek | Primary | Additional average day water demand of 1,094 m3/d will be required for preliminary boundary area. | Additional average day wastewater generation of 1,181 m3/d is predicted for preliminary boundary area. | On-site stormwater management controls will be needed. Area is not tributary to an existing downstream stormwater management facility. | Medium |
| 403 - 12 Spectrum | Primary | Additional average day water demand of 2,200 m3/d will be required for preliminary boundary area. | Additional average day wastewater generation of 2,376 m3/d is predicted for preliminary boundary area. | On-site stormwater management controls will be needed. Area is not tributary to an existing downstream stormwater management facility. | Medium |
| 403 - 13 Orbitor | Secondary | Additional average day water demand of 2,006 m3/d will be required for preliminary boundary area. | Additional average day wastewater generation of 2,167 m3/d is predicted for preliminary boundary area. | On-site stormwater management controls will be needed. Area is not tributary to an existing downstream stormwater management facility. | Medium |
| 403 - 14 Renforth | Primary | Additional average day water demand of 1,332 m3/d will be required for preliminary boundary area. | Additional average day wastewater generation of 1,439 m3/d is predicted for preliminary boundary area. | On-site stormwater management controls will be needed. Area is not tributary to an existing downstream stormwater management facility. | Medium |
| HUB-1 Bolton GO | Primary | Significant infrastructure investments are needed to accommodate expected growth. More specific capacity requirements and costs will be developed through detailed technical studies as part of the local planning process. | | | |

