

TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

DATE December 9, 2021 Reference No. GAL-001-19126124-TM

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REGIONAL ROAD STORMWATER INFRASTRUCTURE MASTER PLAN – PRELIMINARY INFILTRATION CONSTRAINTS ASSESSMENT, REGION OF PEEL, ONTARIO

Golder Associates Ltd. (Golder), a member of WSP, has prepared this memorandum for GM BluePlan Limited (GMBP) to assist in the preparation of a stormwater infrastructure master plan for the Region of Peel's (the Region) regional road stormwater infrastructure. This memorandum presents the preliminary assessment of potential infiltration constraints to stormwater infrastructure in the Region based on a desktop investigation using publicly available regional mapping data. Key data considered for this assessment included:

depth to bedrock;

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- depth to water table;
- surficial geology; and,
- source protection mapping, including Wellhead Protection Areas (WHPA), Issue Contributing Areas (ICA), Highly Vulnerable Aquifers (HVA) and Floodplains.

This data is presented on the attached Figures 1, 2, and 3. A summary of the data is provided herein.

Infiltration refers to the processes through which surface water enters the subsurface by gravity flow. The rate that water can enter the subsurface depends on several properties including hydraulic conductivity, soil moisture, topography and vegetation. Higher hydraulic conductivities will allow water to flow through the subsurface faster than low hydraulic conductivities and consequently can allow more water to infiltrate within a given timeframe.

Stormwater management criteria developed by the two conservation authorities that manage most of the Region's area (Credit Valley Conservation Authority and Toronto and Region Conservation Authority) note that engineered infiltration features are generally not considered suitable in areas that:

- have high slopes
- have the water table within 1 m of the bottom of the infiltration feature
- have bedrock within 1 m of the bottom of the infiltration feature
- have soils with an infiltration rate of less than 15 mm/hr

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- are within floodplains
- are close to points of concern such as landfills or water supply wells
- are in HVA if the infiltrated water is potentially contaminated
- are in the higher risk WHPA unless additional controls are in place

Figures 1A and 1B show the surficial geology across the Region.

- Areas with coarse-grained deposits like sands and gravels would be expected to have relatively higher hydraulic conductivity values and to be more conducive to infiltration. These areas are coloured in oranges and yellows on the figures.
- Areas with fine-grained deposits like silts and clays would be expected to have relatively lower hydraulic conductivity values and to be more restrictive to infiltration. These areas are coloured dark green and light blues on the figures.
- Areas with medium-grained deposits like silts and sands would be expected to have moderate hydraulic conductivity values and to be potentially conducive to infiltration. These areas are coloured light green on the figures.
- The remaining areas are not expected to be conducive to infiltration due to shallow bedrock depths and water saturated soils.

Figures 2A and 2B show the estimated depths to the water table and to the bedrock.

- Areas where the estimated depth to the water table is less than 1 m and/or less than 5 m below ground surface are shown with dark and light blue shading, respectively. These areas may have less capacity for infiltration due to the shallow water table depths, which leave limited thicknesses of unsaturated soils to accept infiltrated water.
- Areas where the estimated depth to bedrock is less than 5 m below ground surface are shown with yellow hatching. In these areas infiltration may be restricted by the shallow bedrock, which typically has less water storage capacity than soils and across most of the Region (aside from the northwest corner, above the Niagara Escarpment) is comprised of low hydraulic conductivity shale.

Figures 3A and 3B show a selection of the mapped areas delineated by the drinking water Source Protection Plans across the Region.

- WHPA are shown on the figures in brown to yellow colours. These areas represent the horizontal extents of municipal water well groundwater capture areas based on risk ratings and modelled time of travel for groundwater supplying each well. To protect the groundwater supplies of these wells, certain activities may be restricted or prohibited in the WHPA, including discharge or infiltration of stormwater.
- ICA are shown on the figures with red hatching. These are areas that the Source Protection Plans have identified as vulnerable to certain drinking water threats due to existing issues for water quality occurring in the area. In the Region, the ICAs have identified threats due to nutrients, pathogens and chloride, which are all potentially present in stormwater.



- HVA are shown on the figures with pink hatching. These are areas with aquifers that the Source Protection Plans have identified as vulnerable to groundwater contamination due to their close connection to surface water and infiltration. The vulnerable aquifers are considered closely connected to surface due to either shallow depth and/or highly conductive subsurface materials between the surface and the aquifer.
- Floodplain areas are shown on the figures in blue colour. Floodplain areas are not considered suitable for infiltration due to their limited infiltration capacity, which becomes even more limited during highwater periods when infiltration capacity is most needed.

Source Protection Plans, Municipal Official Plans, provincial conservation plans (e.g., Oak Ridges Moraine Conservation Plan, Niagara Escarpment Plan, Greenbelt Plan) and Conservation Authority guidance contain further rules and guidance on siting stormwater and infiltration features based on risk and specific feature designs.

We trust that this technical memorandum meets your current needs. Please contact the undersigned if you have any further questions.

Matt Bowman, BSc, PGeo Hydrogeologist

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Attachments: Figures 1A, 1B, 2A, 2B, 3A, 3B

https://golderassociates.sharepoint.com/sites/111670/project files/6 deliverables/infiltration tm/final/gal-001-19126124-tm-rev0- prelim infiltration constraints 09dec2021.docx



FIGURES



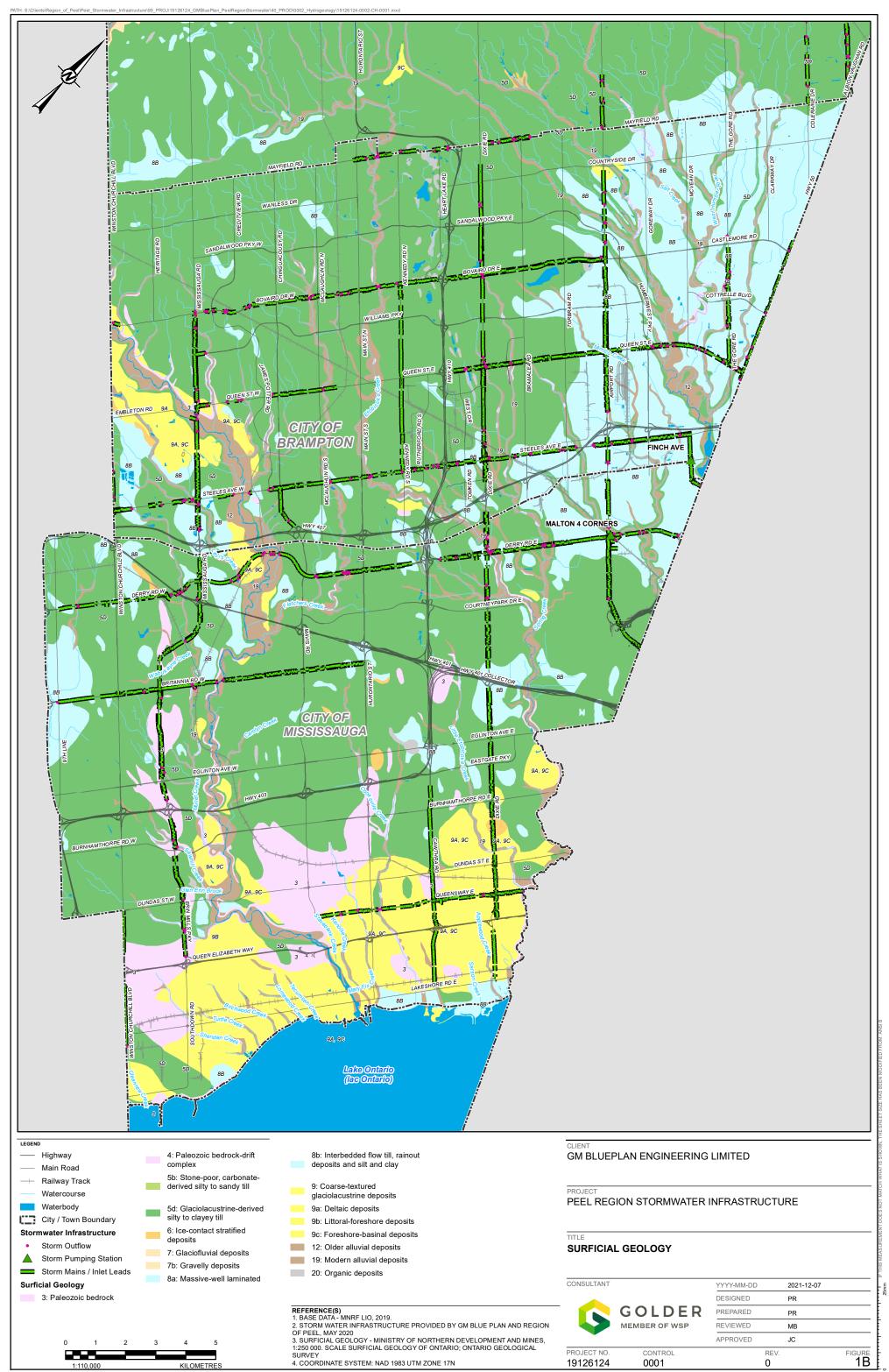
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FIGURE 1A

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FIGURE 1B

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LEGEND **ORMGP Water Table** GM BLUEPLAN ENGINEERING LIMITED Highway Water Bodies Main Road Streams - 100m - Strahler gt3 Railway Track ■ Depth Water Table <1m PEEL REGION STORMWATER INFRASTRUCTURE City / Town Boundary ■ Depth Water Table <5m</p> Depth to Bedrock < 5 m **Stormwater Infrastructure** AREAS WITH SHALLOW WATER TABLE OR SHALLOW BEDROCK Storm Outflow Storm Pumping Station CONSULTANT YYYY-MM-DD 2021-12-07 Storm Mains / Inlet Leads KILOMETRES DESIGNED PR REFERENCE(S)

1. BASE DATA - MNRF LIO, 2019.

2. STORM WATER INFRASTRUCTURE PROVIDED BY GM BLUE PLAN AND REGION OF PEEL, MAY 2020

3. © OAK RIDGES MORAINE GROUNDWATER PROGRAM, MAP OBTAINED JUNE, 2020

4. COORDINATE SYSTEM: NAD 1983 UTM ZONE 17N

FIGURE 2A

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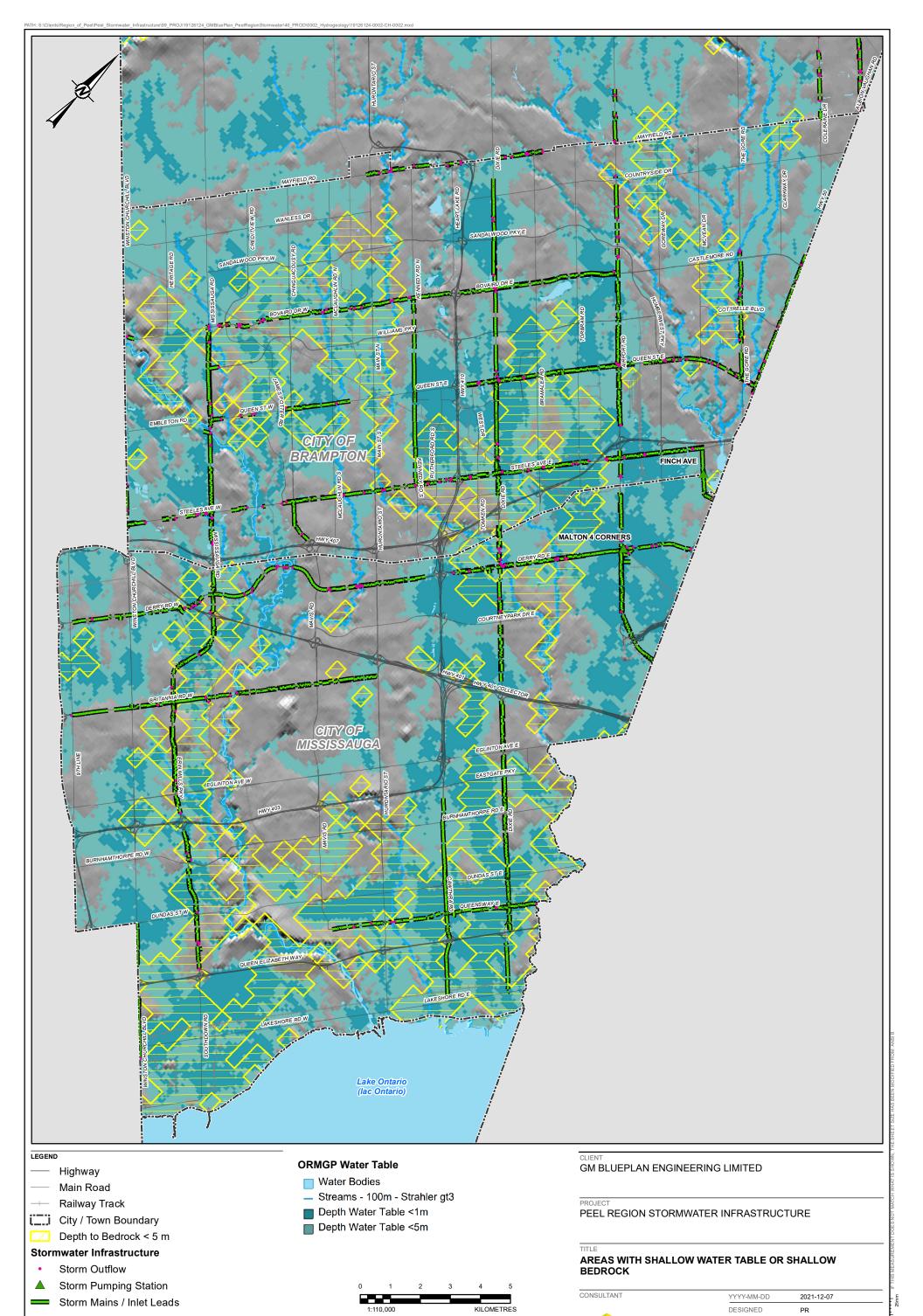
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2. STORM WATER INFRASTRUCTURE PROVIDED BY GM BLUE PLAN AND REGION OF PEEL, MAY 2020

3. © OAK RIDGES MORAINE GROUNDWATER PROGRAM, MAP OBTAINED JUNE, 2020

4. COORDINATE SYSTEM: NAD 1983 UTM ZONE 17N

FIGURE 2B

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TOWN OF CALEDON LEGEND GM BLUEPLAN ENGINEERING LIMITED Wellhead Protection Area (WHPA) Highway Main Road WHPA-A WHPA-B PROJECT
PEEL REGION STORMWATER INFRASTRUCTURE Railway Track WHPA-C Watercourse WHPA-D Waterbody City / Town Boundary **Stormwater Infrastructure SOURCE PROTECTION AREAS** Storm Outflow Flood Line Area Issue Contributing Area Storm Pumping Station CONSULTANT 2021-12-07 YYYY-MM-DD Storm Mains / Inlet Leads Highly Vulnerable Aquifer DESIGNED PR REFERENCE(S)

1. BASE DATA - MNRF LIO, 2019.

2. STORM WATER INFRASTRUCTURE PROVIDED BY GM BLUE PLAN AND REGION OF PEEL, MAY 2020

3. SOURCE WATER PROTECTION DATA PROVIDED BY GM BLUE PLAN AND REGION OF PEEL, JULY 2020

4. COORDINATE SYSTEM: NAD 1983 UTM ZONE 17N PREPARED GOLDER PR REVIEWED MEMBER OF WSP MB APPROVED JC PROJECT NO. 19126124 CONTROL 0001 REV. FIGURE 3A

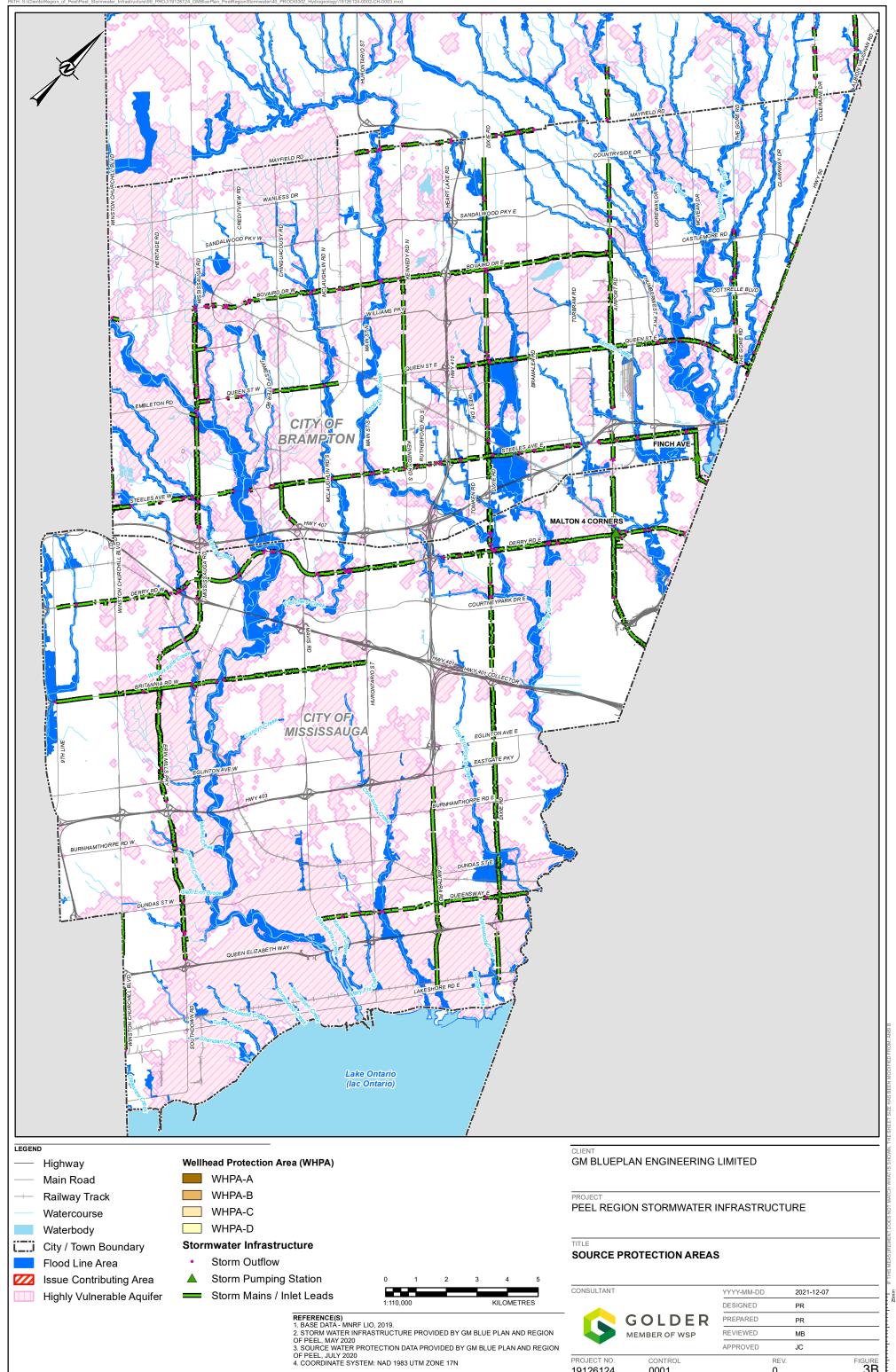


FIGURE 3B

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